EtherMeter[®]

FLOW METER GATEWAY FOR SCADA, TELEMETRY, & BUILDING AUTOMATION SYSTEMS

COVERED BY US PATENT NO. 8,219,214





Installation, Operation, and Maintenance Manual

Version 2.85.04 03 June 2025

AUTHORIZED SCADAMETRICS RESELLER

SCADAmetrics[®]

St. Louis, Missouri USA scadametrics.com

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1 INTRODUCTION AND GALLERY

For many years, SCADA system integrators have struggled to eliminate the totalization errors that resulted from using pulse-output flow meters.

With pulse-technology, the most common problem is the inevitable discrepancies between the meter readings displayed within the SCADA system and the readings displayed on the physical meters themselves.

Today, SCADAmetrics has eliminated these errors with the introduction of the EtherMeter[®] – the telemetry appliance that can ensure absolute agreement between the SCADA system and its connected meters... also known as *revenue-grade* accuracy.

The effectiveness of the EtherMeter is based upon an embrace of the latest AMI (Advanced Metering Infrastructure) technology. Driven by the powerful SCADAmeter[®] protocol conversion engine, it works by translating totalization and flow rate signals from modern, encoder-based flow meters into industrial protocols that SCADA systems can understand, such as MODBUS, Allen Bradley DF1, and EtherNet/IP.

And for flow-metering applications where encoder technology is not readily available (e.g. chemical, natural gas, petroleum, steam, etc.), the EtherMeter can process most 2-wire pulse signals, as well.

The purpose of this manual is to provide the system integrator with the know-how to set up, install, and maintain the EtherMeter – the new vital component built for today's modern SCADA systems.



EtherMeter Installed in a Telemetry/SCADA Control Panel at a Water District Pumping Station. Jersey County Rural Water District (Grafton, Illinois). Pump Station by Dakota Pump (Mitchell, South Dakota).



EtherMeters Installed as part of an Airport Energy/Utility Management System. JFK International Airport (New York City, NY)



EtherMeters Installed as part of an Irrigation Monitoring System. Turlock Irrigation District (Turlock, CA)



EtherMeters Installed as part of a Metropolitan Zoo Building Automation System. St. Louis Metropolitan Zoo (St. Louis, MO)



EtherMeters Installed as part of a US Air Force Base Utility Management SCADA System. Davis-Monthan AFB (Tucson, AZ)



EtherMeters Installed as part of a Satellite-Based, Frac Water Automatic Metering System. (Near Williston, ND)



EtherMeters Installed as part of a Building Automation System. AutoDesk Inc. (Boston, MA)



EtherMeters Installed as part of a University Building Automation System. Illinois Institute of Technology (Chicago, IL)

2 RECOMMENDED SKILLS AND TOOLS

A. SKILLS FOR INSTALLING AND TROUBLESHOOTING AN ETHERMETER:

IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT THE OWNER OR SYSTEM INTEGRATOR READ THIS MANUAL THOROUGHLY <u>BEFORE</u> ATTEMPTING INSTALLATION, SETUP, OR TROUBLESHOOTING.

THE ETHERMETER IS DESIGNED TO BE SET UP AND INSTALLED BY A PROFESSIONAL ELECTRICIAN OR TECHNICIAN WITH EXPERTISE IN THE FIELD OF SCADA, TELEMETRY, INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION, AND/OR INSTRUMENTATION.

IF THE SETUP TECHNICIAN LACKS THE REQUIRED EXPERTISE, THEN IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT A LOCAL INDUSTRIAL TECHNICIAN BE HIRED FOR THIS PURPOSE. AT A MINIMUM, THE PROFESSIONAL SHOULD BE FAMILIAR WITH THE FOLLOWING CONCEPTS:

- 1. BASIC WIRING TECHNIQUES
- 2. GROUNDING & SHIELDING
- 3. AC/DC POWER SUPPLIES
- 4. SURGE SUPPRESSION AND ISOLATION TECHNIQUES
- 5. BASIC FLOW METER TOTALIZATION AND FLOW CONCEPTS
- 6. USER EXPERIENCE WITH TERMINAL EMULATION SOFTWARE (EG HYPERTERMINAL, PUTTY)
- 7. USER EXPERIENCE WITH TELNET SOFTWARE
- 8. USER EXPERIENCE WITH WEB-BROWSER SOFTWARE
- 9. USING AND TROUBLESHOOTING INDUSTRIAL COMM PROTOCOLS (MODBUS, DF1, ETHERNET/IP, AS APPLICABLE)
- 10. RS-232 SERIAL PORTS, CABLING, AND COMMUNICATIONS
- 11. RS-485 SERIAL PORTS, CABLING, AND COMMUNICATIONS
- 12. ETHERNET PORTS, CABLING, ADDRESSING, ROUTING, AND COMMUNICATIONS
- 13. ANALOG INPUTS (EG. 4-20 MILLIAMP) (IF APPLICABLE)
- 14. DIGITAL I/O AND SOLID-STATE RELAÝS (IF APPLICABLE)
- 15. RADIO INTEGRATION (IF APPLICABLE)
- 16. CELLULAR GATEWAY INTEGRATION (IF APPLICABLE)
- 17. RTU AND/OR PLC INTEGRATION (IF APPLICABLE)

B. TOOLS FOR INSTALLING AND TROUBLESHOOTING AN ETHERMETER:

- 1. NOTEBOOK COMPUTER EQUIPPED WITH SERIAL PORT
 - Caution: Certain USB-Serial Converters do not support all serial port parameters, such as 7E1, 7O1, and 7N2. Typically, 8N1 is well-supported.
- 2. NULL-MODEM ADAPTER (DB9F-DB9F)
- 3. "HYPERTERMINAL" OR "TERA TERM" TERMINAL EMULATION SOFTWARE (OR EQUIVALENT)
- 4. ETHERNET PATCH CABLE
- 5. VOLTMETER / AMMETER
- 6. TWO (2) SMALL FLAT-HEAD SCREWDRIVERS
- 7. ONE (1) SMALL #1 PHILIPS SCREWDRIVER

C. TOOLS FOR ATTACHING DIN-RAIL TO A CONTROL PANEL:

- 1. DIN-RAIL (35MM RECOMMENDED)
- 2. DIN-RAIL CUTTER (EG. ATMCO LB-100)
- 3. POWER OR CORDLESS DRILL
- 4. THREAD-TAPPING TOOL SET
- 5. MACHINE SCREWS, WASHERS

3 SPECIFICATIONS

A. Meter Communications

Meter Input Channels:	Channel 1: Protocol or Pulse Channel 2: Protocol or Pulse
Galvanic Isolation:	1500V
Protocols:	Sensus Variable-Length: 4 to 9 Digit Sensus Fixed-Length: 4 to 6 Digit Neptune E-Coder/Pro-Coder/Mach10 Plus: 8 to 9 digit Neptune ProRead Basic: 3 to 6 digit K-Frame (Honeywell-Elster-AMCO, ABB, Kent): 6 Digit Pulse (Dry Contact) Output, 2000 Hz Max.
Protocol Recognition:	Encoder Auto-Detect
Flow Rate Calculation:	dV/dT (Fixed dT or Fixed dV)
Co-Metering Compatibility:	Yes, When Optional SDA or SDAW Duplexer installed.

B. Serial Communications

C.

Ports:	RS-232C (DB9-Male Jack, DTE) RS-485 (Phoenix Terminal)
Galvanic Isolation:	2500V
Speed:	300 to 115200 bps
Port Parameters:	8N1, 7E1, 7O1, 7N2
Handshaking:	Fixed RTS, Null Modem, RTS/CTS, CD-Collision Avoidance, None
Industrial Protocols:	MODBUS/RTU, MODBUS/ASCII, DF1/FULL-DUPLEX, DF1/RADIO-MODEM, RAW-ASCII (ASCII-Version Only), ADAM-4000 (ADAM-Version Only) REMOTE VFDisplay (VFDisplay-Version Only)
Setup Terminal:	ANSI, 25x80 char, 9600, 8N1
Ethernet Communications	
Speed:	10 Mbps (10BaseT), Half or Full Duplex
Galvanic Isolation:	1500Vrms
Addressing:	DHCP or Static IP
Web Server:	Yes
Ping Server:	Yes
Industrial Protocols:	MODBUS/TCP (4 Sockets), EtherNet/IP,PCCC-Encapsulation (4 Sockets), MODBUS/UDP, MODBUS/RTU (Over UDP), DF1.RadioModem (Over UDP), EtherNet/IP (Over UDP)
MAC ID:	IEEE-Assigned OUI: 00-1D-C8

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D. Mechanical/Electrical/Environmental

Dimensions:	8.125" x 4.625" x 1.9375"
Weight:	13.5 Ounces
Temperature Range:	-20C to +70C
Relative Humidity:	5% to 95%, Non-Condensing
Panel Mounts:	Two (2) Universal Din-Rail Clips
LCD Display:	2x16 Character, Backlit
Supply Voltage:	10 VDC to 36 VDC
Supply Current:	275 mA Max. (2.50 W Max.) Nominal: 63 mA @ 24 VDC, Nominal: 60 mA @ 24 VDC w/ Backlight OFF
Terminal Block Conductors:	16AWG Max, 26AWG Min.
Internal Power Efficiency:	76%, Typical
Circuit Protection:	Fused (1000mA) + 10 TVSS Diodes
Environmental:	ROHS-Compliant, Lead-free

DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS



Figure 3A. Dimensional Drawing

E. Auxiliary Inputs/Outputs

Analog Inputs:	Two 4-20mA Inputs (10-bit A/D), 240 Ohm Loop Resistance Configurable as 0-5VDC (10bit A/D)
Integrated Loop Power Supply:	+24VDC / 42mA
Aux Digital I/O:	Three (3): Each Configurable as Digital Input or Output Output(s): TTL (0-5VDC) Output Input(s): TTL Dry-Contact Input
MODBUS Fn. Codes:	 01 - Read Coil Status, 02 - Read Input Status, 03 - Read Holding Registers, 04 - Read Input Registers, 05 - Force Single Coil 06 - Write Single Holding Register 15 - Force Multiple Coils
DF1 Codes:	Protected Typed Logical Read With 3 Address Fields Protected Typed Logical Write With 3 Address Fields
ADAM-4000 Fn. Codes: (ADAM-Version Only)	 #AAn - Read Analog Inputs, \$AA6 - Read Discrete Inputs, #AA1n0d - Write Discrete Outputs, \$AAM - Read Device ID

F. Standards and Regulatory Compliances

Safety (USA, Mexico):	UL 62368-1 Recognition (MET Labs File No. E112874)
Safety (Canada):	CSA C22.2 No. 62368-1 Recognition (MET Labs File No. E112874)
Emissions (USA):	FCC Part 15, Class A
Emissions (Canada):	ICES-003
Meter Interface:	AWWA C707-05
Environmental:	ROHS-Compliant, Lead-Free
Manufacturing Location:	USA

G. Safety Considerations and Warnings

The following warnings and guidelines should be followed in order to ensure safe operation of your EtherMeter:

- Do not attempt to service the internal circuitry of the EtherMeter. This device contains no user-serviceable parts or adjustments.
- Carefully inspect the work area in which the EtherMeter will be located to ensure against hazards such as damp floors, ungrounded power extension cords, and missing ground connections.
- Before operating the EtherMeter, ensure that the external power source is an NRTL-listed power supply that is rated for a DC voltage between 10 and 36 VDC and rated for a minimum current of 275 mA. If you are not sure of the type of power source, contact SCADAmetrics or your SCADAmetrics Distributor.
- The secondary output circuits of the EtherMeter are SELV (<u>Safety Extra Low V</u>oltage). Ensure that the secondary output circuits are not connected with hazardous energy levels.
- The EtherMeter has been evaluated and NRTL-recognized for use in a Pollution Degree 2 environment.
- The EtherMeter must be examined for compliance with the applicable safety standard after installation into the final enclosure.
- The EtherMeter must be installed in accordance with all applicable local electrical codes.
- If the EtherMeter is exposed to moisture or condensation, disconnect it from the power source immediately and obtain service assistance.
- If the EtherMeter exhibits unexpected behavior, such as smoking or becoming extremely hot, disconnect it from power sources immediately and then obtain service assistance.
- Ensure that the EtherMeter's cover is secure on completion of installation to reduce safety hazards.

H. Environmental Considerations and Cautions

The following is a list of environmental considerations that will help ensure safe and efficient operation of your EtherMeter:

- Do not position the EtherMeter near high-powered radio transmitters or electrical equipment, such as electrical motors or air conditioners. Interference from electrical equipment can cause intermittent failures.
- Do not install the EtherMeter in areas where condensation, water, or other liquids may be present. These may cause safety hazards and equipment failure.

I. FCC Class A Notice

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy, and if it is not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, it may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense. Modifications: Any modifications made to this device that are not approved by SCADAmetrics may void the authority granted to the user by the FCC to operate this equipment.

Report: http://scadametrics.com/PDF/EMC26372-FCC.pdf

J. ICES Notice (Canada)

This Class [1] digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Report: http://scadametrics.com/PDF/EMC26372-IC.pdf

4 ELECTRICAL INTERFACE

Hookup Wiring Diagram:



Figure 4A. Electrical Interface

POWER AND ISOLATION NOTES:

1. The EtherMeter requires a 10-36 VDC, Isolated-Output-Type Power Supply. The power consumption of the EtherMeter is 2.50W Max (~1.50W Typical).

SHIELDED CABLE, AND SHIELD GROUNDING:

1. All meter signal wiring (both 3-wire encoded and 2-wire pulse) should be performed using low-voltage, shielded cable with a drain (shield) wire. The drain wire should be single-point grounded, generally within the control panel. Recommended wire gauge is 22AWG.

DIP SWITCH DEFINITIONS:

#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8
		UP	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED		
RS-232C SERIAL PORT ACTIVE (RS-485 SERIAL PORT INACTIVE)	RS-485 SERIAL PORT ACTIVE (RS-232C SERIAL PORT INACTIVE)	120 OHM TERMINATION RESISTOR <u>ACTIVE</u> (RS-485 ONLY)	-N/C-	-N/C-	-N/C-	BACKLIGHT AND POWER-LED ON	SETUP MODE MODBUS/SERIAL DF1/SERIAL INACTIVE
DOWN	DOWN	DOWN				DOWN	DOWN
RS-485 SERIAL PORT IN-ACTIVE	RS-232C SERIAL PORT INACTIVE	120 OHM TERMINATION RESISTOR				BACKLIGHT AND POWER-LED OFF	RUN MODE
RS-232C SERIAL PORT ACTIVE	(RS-485 SERIAL PORT ACTIVE)	INACTIVE. (RS-485 ONLY)				(POWER SAVING MODE)	

Figure 4B. DIP Switch Definitions

FACTORY-RESET BUTTON:

The FACTORY RESET Button is located to the right of the dip switches. When the FACTORY RESET button is depressed during a power cycle (or soft reboot), then all user-settings are discarded, and the factory default settings are restored.

5 METER COMPATIBILITY

Encoder-Based Flow Meters

The EtherMeter features two flow meter ports, each of which is capable of reading most 3-wire "absolute encoder" registers. In general, encoder registers can be classified as one of the following:

- Sensus Protocol
- Neptune Protocol
- K-Frame Protocol

To maximize ease-of-use, the EtherMeter automatically recognizes the connected meters' communication protocols, so it's truly "plug and play".

Compatible encoder-based flow meters include those produced by ABB, Actaris, Badger, Honeywell-Elster-AMCO-Kent, Hersey, Invensys, Itron, Master-Meter, Metron-Farnier, Neptune, Rockwell, Schlumberger, Sensus, Siemens, Sitrans, and perhaps others.

The complete Meter Compatibility Matrix document is available for download from the Support section of scadametrics.com. This document details the various meter brands and models that are compatible with the EtherMeter, along with specific configuration details for each meter.

If there is a Sensus-, Neptune-, or K-Frame-protocol encoder meter register that is not listed within the document as compatible based upon testing, and you would like to see it listed as such, then please contact SCADAmetrics. Note that in such cases, we may request a register for testing and verification.

Pulse-Based Flow Meters

The EtherMeter's flow meter ports are compatible with most pulse-based flow meters. Compatible signals include dry-contact, solid-state contact, and open-collector.

Flow meters that produce active voltage or current pulses are <u>NOT</u> compatible, and would necessarily require conversion to a dry-contact-type signal.

6 SENSUS PROTOCOL METER SUPPORT

The Sensus Protocol, as implemented within the Sensus OMNI, iPERL, & ICE™ registers, the Badger HRE & ADE registers, and numerous compatibles, is fully supported by the EtherMeter.

Important Notes:

(1) Sensus-compatible registers do not always provide the maximum resolution (digits) by default, and therefore the register or meter may require factory pre-programming. See the Meter Compatibility Matrix for configuration details.

(2) Wire color-coding for Sensus-compatibles varies among meter brands. See the Meter Compatibility Matrix for details.







Figure 6B. Sensus – Protocol Diagram Example (Total="99999987").

To connect a Sensus-Protocol Register to Meter Channel 1:

EtherMeter Terminal	Sensus-Compatible Wire Color* *Note: Color codes may vary by meter brand. See Meter Compatibility Matrix for details.
14	Red
15	Green
16	Black

To connect a Sensus-Protocol Register to Meter Channel 2:

EtherMeter Terminal	Sensus-Compatible Wire Color* *Note: Color codes may vary by meter brand. See Meter Compatibility Matrix for details.
17	Red
18	Green
19	Black

METER HOOKUP FOR SENSUS-COMPATIBLE REGISTERS:

The following diagram demonstrates the hookup of a Sensus-compatible encoder register to Meter Channel 1 of the EtherMeter. Terminals 14, 15, and 16 are used in this case. Hookup to Meter Channel 2 will be identical, except terminals 17, 18, and 19 are used.



Figure 6C. Sensus-Compatible Register Hookup to EtherMeter

PARALLEL ETHERMETER/AMR HOOKUP FOR SENSUS-COMPATIBLE REGISTERS:

An EtherMeter and a Sensus-Compatible AMI/AMR endpoint may be connected in parallel to a single meter register with the aid of a SCADAmetrics Duplexer (Part No. SDA or SDAW).

A Duplexer may also be used to allow a parallel meter connection of two EtherMeters, also.

Please refer to the **SDA and/or SDAW Documentation** for the most complete and up-to-date application notes and wiring diagrams.

7 NEPTUNE PROTOCOL METER SUPPORT

The Neptune Protocol, as implemented within the E-Coder™, ProCoder™, Mach10, and ProRead line of registers, is fully supported by the EtherMeter.

Important Notes:

(1) See the Meter Compatibility Matrix for meter register configuration details.

(2) Wire color-coding for Neptune-compatibles differs from that used in Sensus-compatibles and K-Frame-compatibles.



NEPTUNE PRO	TOCOL:		
7 DATA BITS, 1 STAI	RT BIT, 1 STOP BIT, EVEN PARITY, ASCII ENCODING		
SAMPLE READ. TO	TALIZATION = 00000158		
<stx> 2 0 0</stx>	S W <etb> 0 0 0 0 0 1 <etb> 1 2 3</etb></etb>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 <etb> h <etb> 5 8 @ <etb></etb></etb></etb>	7 2 <etx></etx>
↑	··`	└ Ă '	↑
START DELIMITER	TOTALIZATION DATA (DIGITS 1-6)	TOTALIZATION DATA (DIGITS 7-8)	TERMINATION DELIMITER

Figure 7B. Neptune – Protocol Diagram Example (Total="00000158").

EtherMeter Terminal	Neptune-Compatible Wire Color
14	Black
15	Red
16	Green

To connect a Neptune-Protocol Register to Meter Channel 1:

To connect a Neptune-Protocol Register to Meter Channel 2:

EtherMeter Terminal	Neptune-Compatible Wire Color
17	Black
18	Red
19	Green

METER HOOKUP FOR NEPTUNE-COMPATIBLE REGISTERS:

The following diagram demonstrates the hookup of a Neptune-compatible encoder register to Meter Channel 1 of the EtherMeter. Terminals 14, 15, and 16 are used in this case. Hookup to Meter Channel 2 will be identical, except terminals 17, 18, and 19 are used.



Figure 7C. Neptune Register Hookup to EtherMeter

PARALLEL ETHERMETER/AMR HOOKUP FOR NEPTUNE-COMPATIBLE REGISTERS:

An EtherMeter and a Neptune-Compatible AMI/AMR endpoint may be connected in parallel to a single meter register with the aid of a SCADAmetrics Duplexer (Part No. SDA or SDAW).

A Duplexer may also be used to allow a parallel meter connection of two EtherMeters, also.

Please refer to the **SDA and/or SDAW Documentation** for the most complete and up-to-date application notes and wiring diagrams.

8 K-FRAME (ELSTER) PROTOCOL METER SUPPORT

K-Frame Protocol support applies to certain meters manufactured by Honeywell-Elster-AMCO-Kent-ABB. Compatible registers include the evoQ4 (Honeywell-Elster), InVISION (Honeywell-Elster-AMCO), ScanCoder (Elster-AMCO, ABB, Kent), and the AquaMaster mag-meter (ABB).

Important Notes:

(1) The instructions in this chapter do <u>not</u> apply to Sensus-protocol registers that are manufactured by Honeywell-Elster-AMCO (See Ch. 6, Sensus Protocol Meter Support).

(2) See the Meter Compatibility Matrix for meter register configuration details.

(3) Wire color-coding for K-Frame-compatibles differs from that used in Sensus-compatibles and Neptune compatibles.

(4) The EtherMeter will **automatically** configure the registration units (UNITn), flow units (FUNITn), and multiplier (EXPn) for Elster K-Frame protocol meters, as this information is embedded within the protocol.



Figure 8A. Honeywell-Elster-AMCO InVISION – Register Diagram.

EtherMeter Terminal	K-Frame Compatible Wire Color* *Note: Color codes may vary by meter brand. See Meter Compatibility Matrix for details.
14	Green
15	Red
16	Black

To connect a K-Frame Protocol Register to Meter Channel 1:

To connect a K-Frame Protocol Register to Meter Channe	el 2:
--	-------

EtherMeter Terminal	K-Frame Compatible Wire Color* *Note: Color codes may vary by meter brand. See Meter Compatibility Matrix for details.
17	Green
18	Red
19	Black

METER HOOKUP FOR K-FRAME COMPATIBLE REGISTERS:

The following diagram demonstrates the hookup of a K-Frame compatible encoder register to Meter Channel 1 of the EtherMeter. Terminals 14, 15, and 16 are used in this case. Hookup to Meter Channel 2 will be identical, except terminals 17, 18, and 19 are used.



Figure 8B. Honeywell-Elster-AMCO Register Hookup to EtherMeter

PARALLEL ETHERMETER/AMR HOOKUP FOR K-FRAME COMPATIBLE REGISTERS:

An EtherMeter and a K-Frame-Compatible AMI/AMR endpoint may be connected in parallel to a single meter register with the aid of a SCADAmetrics Duplexer (Part No. SDA or SDAW).

A Duplexer may also be used to allow a parallel meter connection of two EtherMeters, also.

Please refer to the **SDA and/or SDAW Documentation** for the most complete and up-to-date application notes and wiring diagrams.

9 PULSE METER SUPPORT

The EtherMeter provides meter-reading support for pulse-based meters. As a consequence, pulse meter signal(s) may be connected to either (or both) of the EtherMeter's meter input channels.

Pulse processing technology allows the EtherMeter to collect meter totalization and flow rate data from non-encoder-based meters. Common examples include petroleum & chemical meters, commercial & industrial natural gas meters, volume correctors, and many others.



When the EtherMeter handles pulse-based meters, the totalization and flow-rate data is stored and transmitted from the same Modbus- and Rockwell-compatible memory registers that it uses for encoder-based meters. Therefore, regardless of which type of meter(s) is connected to the EtherMeter (encoder versus pulse), collection of totalization and flow data by the connected SCADA system is identical.

Supported Pulse Input Types:

- Mechanical Dry Contact
- Solid-State Dry Contact
- Open-Collector Input

PULSE-BASED METERS SAMPLE CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



Figure 9A. Example Pulse Signal Hookups to EtherMeter

Setup Via Serial Terminal or Telnet:

When a pulse-based meter input is desired, the user should set the TYPEn parameter to PULSE. In the example below, the user has set Meter Channel 2 as a pulse-based meter. After TYPEn is set to PULSE, note that additional user-options become visible on Pg.1 of the Setup Screen. DBn is a firmware debounce filter setting (see section below), and CNTn is used to synchronize the EtherMeter's totalization with that on the meter register (index).



Figure 9B. Pulse Setup Screen

In most situations, the pulse count may be scaled into engineering units using the EXPn parameter. However, in scenarios where the pulse-to-unit conversion is not a clean factor of 10 (1, 10, 100, 0.1, etc...), or in situations where the pulse rate is relatively fast (>5 Hz), then the PSn (Pulse Scaler) and PDn (Pulse Divider) parameters can also be used to scale the pulse count into engineering units.

For example, if meter 1 emits 1431 pulses per 1000 gallons, then PD1 should be set to 1431 and PS1 should be set to 1000.

Example 2: A meter emits high-frequency pulses at a rate of 100 pulses per 1 gallon, and the user is only interested in seeing totalization rounded to the nearest gallon, and also would like to reduce the number of totalizer rollovers, then PD1 should be set to 100 and PS1 should be set to 1.

Debounce Filter:

In order to mitigate the adverse effects of contact bounce, user-adjustable de-bounce logic has been implemented within the EtherMeter firmware.

The user may adjust the DBn parameter to increase or decrease the pulse sensitivity. DBn refers to the minimum required quiet time enforced after the leading edge of a valid pulse has been detected. DBn can be set to any value between 0 and 10000 milliseconds. When DBn is set to ZERO, the debounce filter is disabled (factory default).

As an example, if DBn is set to 60, then any pulses which arrive before T₀ has expired will be ignored.



PULSE METER DEBOUNCE LOGIC

Figure 9C. Pulse Meter Debounce Logic Illustration

Batching Operations:

- CNT1 can be reset to ZERO by writing a '1' to Modbus Coil 9, or by writing a '1' to Allen Bradley-compatible register B10:0/8.
- CNT2 can be reset to ZERO by writing a '1' to Modbus Coil 10, or by writing a '1' to Allen Bradley-compatible register B10:0/9.

Pulse Meter Notes:

- Maximum pulse frequency: 2000 Hz (2000 Pulses Per Second).
- Active Voltage and Current Pulses are not supported.
- Each of the EtherMeter's pulse-input channels contain an integral +5 VDC power supply and a 900 Ohm pull-up resistor. Therefore, an external voltage source and pull-up resistor circuit is not required.
- The EtherMeter sources a maximum 0.5 milliamp through the contact circuit.
- Totalization and Flow-Rate Calculations (UNITn, FUNITn, TBn, ROLLn, FCALCn, SAMPn, TOn parameters) are handled identically for pulse-type meters as for encoder-type meters.
- Factor-of-10 scaling (EXPn parameter) is handled identically for pulse-type meters and encoder-type meters.
- The pulse count(s) are stored to nonvolatile EEPROM every 8 minutes. Therefore, if the power to the unit is cycled, then the loss of up to 8 minutes of pulses is possible. To reduce the likelihood of lost pulses due to power outages, a battery backup power supply is recommended.
- When the user toggles DIP SWITCH 8 (SETUP/RUN Mode), then the current pulse count(s) are immediately stored to EEPROM.

10 PLC/RTU/COMPUTER INTERFACE

There are currently three (3) physical types of signal connections that can be made between a PLC/RTU/Computer and the EtherMeter.

- RS-232C Serial
- RS-485 Serial
- Ethernet

RS-232C Serial Port

The RS-232C serial port is implemented within a DB9-Male DTE modular jack. The pinout is as described in Section 4.

In order to activate the RS-232C serial port, the 1st dip switch should be placed in the "up" position, and the 2nd dip switch should be placed in the "down" position. Note that either the RS-232C or RS-485 serial port can be activated, but not both simultaneously.

It is important to note that the RS-232C serial port is optically-isolated to a rating of 2500V.

RS-485 Serial Port

The RS-485 serial port is implemented within three (3) screwdown terminals. The pinout is as described in Section 4.

In order to activate the RS-485 serial port, the 1st dip switch should be placed in the "down" position, and the 2nd dip switch should be placed in the "up" position. Note that either the RS-232C or RS-485 serial port can be activated, but not both simultaneously.

When the EtherMeter is staged at the endpoint of the transmission line, a 120 Ohm termination resistor should be used. For convenience, a 120 Ohm, ½ Watt resistor is included as a feature within the device. To activate the termination resistor, the 3rd dip switch should be placed in the "up" position. In all other cases, this resistor should be disabled with the dip switch in the "down" position.

A DC common reference terminal is included with the RS-485 port (terminal 22). This terminal is connected to the device's DC common through a 120 Ohm, ½ Watt current-limiting resistor. It is important to note that the RS-485 serial port is optically-isolated to a rating of 2500V.



Figure 10A. An example of an EtherMeter connected to the serial port of a PLC.

Ethernet Port

The Ethernet port is a 10BaseT modular jack, and operates at a maximum data rate of 10 Mbps. Both dynamic (DHCP) and static IP addressing are supported.

The Ethernet port supports the ARP ping function, serves a web page on TCP port 80, and provides a Telnet Server for remote configuration and troubleshooting.

MODBUS/TCP (4 sockets) is active at all times on TCP port 502, and MODBUS/UDP is active at all times on UDP port 502. MODBUS/RTU (Piped over UDP) is active at all times on UDP port 503.

EtherNet/IP (4 sockets) is active at all times on TCP port 44818, and EtherNet/IP/UDP is active at all times on UDP port 44818. DF1-RadioModem (Piped over UDP) is active at all times on UDP Port 44819.



Figure 10B. An example of an EtherMeter connected to the Ethernet port of a PLC.

11 RADIO INTERFACE

Support is provided for direct connection to most popular industrial radio modems. Depending upon the radio, the connection may be made via the RS-232C or RS-485 serial port, or via the Ethernet port. Serial Port parameters may be tailored for the radio via the Settings Menu. The following list is far from exhaustive, but serves to enumerate some of the most popular, compatible industrial radio modems.

Ritron	DTX+, DTXM, DTXLS
SCADAmetrics	Bell 202 Modem for Analog Telemetry Radios
Microwave Data Systems	TransNet, entraNet, iNet, 1710, 2710, 4710, 4790, 9710, 9790
Maxon/Tecnet	SD-Series, TD-Series
Sierra Wireless	Cellular Gateways
Iridium / Joubeh Technologies	9602W SBD Satellite Modem
Maxstream	XTend-PKG 900 MHz, RS-232, Industrial or Commercial
Zlinx	ZP9D, ZP24D Series
Cirronet	HopNet Serial and Ethernet Series
Calamp/Dataradio	DL-3400, Integra-IP, Integra-TR, Integra-H, T96-SR, TSLM, JSLM, VIPR, HIPR
Calamp	819, 822, 882 Cellular Data Modems

Solar Energy-Saver Features:

The EtherMeter supports an energy-saver feature that may be useful in solar-powered applications. When the Dout1 setting is PwrSavLo or PwrSavHi, the 1st auxiliary digital output may be interfaced to a solid-state relay to power down a radio between polling sessions. The operation is described through the following example:



Figure 11A. Power Saver Illustration

12 AUXILIARY I/O CHANNELS

As an added benefit, the EtherMeter is equipped with five (5) auxiliary inputs and outputs: Two (2) analog inputs, and three (3) digital I/O. The auxiliary I/O make the device suitable for deployment as a standalone RTU at low-complexity locations, such as master meter vaults or even simple pumping stations.

Auxiliary I/O Type	Notes
Digital Input(s) (0,1,2, or 3)	Dry Contact Only. Closed = ON (1) Open = OFF (0) Shared DC Common with Meter IO, Analog IO, and LOOP+.
Digital Output(s) (0,1,2 or 3)	0-5V TTL Requires an external NRTL-Listed or Recognized Solid-State Relay. eg. Power-IO P/N IO-ODC-60 for DC loads, or Power-IO P/N IO-OAC- 280 for AC loads.
	Digital Output #1 can be used for radio power-saver output. Shared DC Common with Meter IO, Analog IO, and LOOP+.
Analog Input 1	 4-20mA (default) or 0-5VDC. 0-5VDC is activated by removing JP1 (inside case). 4-20mA loop resistance = 240 Ohms. Shared DC Common with Meter IO, Digital IO, and LOOP+. Caution: AIN1+ should NEVER be connected to a voltage greater than 5VDC above the Shared DC common. (See Recommended Wiring Diagram later in this section.)
	Unless the external analog device is powered by LOOP+, an external analog-to-analog isolation module should be used! (eg. Dataforth Sensorlex [®] 8B series or DSCA series modules.)
	<complex-block></complex-block>





Figure 12A. Correct 4-20mA Analog Input Wiring.



Figure 12B. Correct 0-5V Analog Input Wiring.

The following diagram is an example of an EtherMeter deployed as a standalone RTU. Note the use of the auxiliary I/O to provide ON/OFF signaling and analog input monitoring, in addition to monitoring one (or two) meter registers.



Figure 12C. Example Standalone EtherMeter as RTU or Remote I/O
13 SETUP AND DIAGNOSTIC UTILITIES

In order to set up the EtherMeter, the technician should actuate the #8 dip switch to the "up" position. At this point, industrial protocols are disabled on the active serial port (RS-232 or RS-485, depending upon dip switches #1 and #2). In setup mode, the EtherMeter's serial port operates with the following parameters:

- 9600 bps Baud Rate
- 8 Data Bits
- 1 Start Bit
- 1 Stop Bit
- No Parity
- No Flow Control
- ANSI Terminal Emulation

The technician should start the HyperTerminal program and select your PC's appropriate serial COM port (eg COM1... COM12, etc.). Note that HyperTerminal should be configured to operate with settings that match the EtherMeter (as shown in the bulleted list above). The HyperTerminal session parameters may be saved through its "File>Save" or "File>Save As" menu, thereby allowing the user to skip the HyperTerminal configuration menus during future sessions.

After HyperTerminal is configured, the user should click on HyperTerminal's "Connect" button (or use the menu: "Connect>Connect"). Once connected, the user should press the <ENTER> key on the keyboard, which will wake up the EtherMeter's Setup Program. Note that, from any setup screen, <ENTER> causes a refresh, and <TAB> causes the display to proceed to the next screen. There are eight (8) setup screens in total.

🍖 NewEtherMeter - HyperTerminal			+		
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>C</u> all <u>T</u> ransfer <u>H</u> elp					
D 🛎 📾 🍒 🗈 🗃 🗳					
Pg 1/8-Meters		<table by="" contract="" of="" seco<="" second="" td="" the=""><td>=Next</td><td>Pg</td><td></td></table>	=Next	Pg	
FW:5.231024.1000 : PULSE-EEP(0-39): 0	0				
Meter1:	Meter2:				
Unit1: GAL FUnit1: GAL Tb1: MIN Exp1: +0 Roll1: +0 Fcalc1: DTIME Samp1: 15 To1: 300 Type1: AUTO (SENS) CMD>	Unit2: FUnit2: Tb2: Exp2: Roll2: Fcalc2: Samp2: To2: Type2:	GAL GAL MIN +0 DTIME 15 300 AUTO (SENS	;)		
Connected 0:00:19 Auto detect TCP/IP SCROLL CA	APS NUM Capture Prin	t echo			<u> </u>
connected and its indicated in the first and a second in the second in t	captare fri				//

For reference, the eight (8) Setup Menu screens are shown below:

Setup Screen #1 of 8 "Meter Setup"

StherMeter_RS232 - HyperTerminal		
File Edit View Call Iransfer Help		
Pg 2/8-Serial		<tab>=Next Pg</tab>
Address: 4	DF1 Settings	
Baud: 9600	DF1CHK: CRC	
Flow-Ctrl: FIXEDRTS		
Resp-Delay-us: 0		
Post-RTS-us: 0		
nHalfBytes: 7		
MODBUS Settings		
Endio: BIG-ENDIAN		
CMD>		
	CODOLL CADE MUNA Contrary Drint and	J
Connected 0:09:48 ANSI TCP/IP	SCRULL CAPS NUM Capture Print echo	

Setup Screen #2 of 8 "Serial Port Setup"

🗞 COM3_9600 - HyperTerminal	÷ _	- 🗆	×
<u>File Edit View Call Iransfer H</u> elp			
Pg 3/8-Network	<tab>=Next Pg <enter>=Refresh</enter></tab>		
MAC ID: 00:1D:C8:00:00:00 [MAC:Linked(0)][LED:0> Password: EMETER	x34721[REV:0x06]		
Defaults: DHCP-Assigne	ed :		
DHCP: ON DHCP Link: IP: 192.168.001.140 IP: Gateway: 192.168.001.001 Gateway: Netmask: 255.255.255.000 Netmask: Duplex: HALF IP:	YES 192.168.001.204 192.168.001.001 255.255.255.000		
Protocol Ports: PORT HTTP: 80 : oo PORT TELNET: 23 : o(6271)★ PORT MBTCP: 503 : o(6271)o(6271)o(6271)o(6271) PORT ETHIP: 44818 : o(6271)o(6271)o(6271)o(6271) CMD>_			~
Connected 0:26:46 ANSI 9600 8-N-1 SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture	Print echo		//

Setup Screen #3 of 8 "Networking Setup"

* Note: Information Posted to the right of Protocol Ports is TCP Socket Debug Information (factory use only).

Teinet_EtherMeter_Lab140 - HyperTerminal File Edit View Call Transfer Help D call (金) 名 山口 石) IP에	
Pg 4/8-Aux I/0 Analog In: Digital I/0: AIN1: Aux1: DIN Aux2: DIN Aux3: DUP OnTime: 60 OffTime: 21240 Failsafe: NONE Failsafe: NONE Failsafe: NONE Failtime: 60 WDEH_min: 0	<tab>=Next Pg</tab>
Connected 0.00.13 Milest Jice 12 Jockocc Cones More Captore Print Cone	

Setup Screen #4 of 8 "Auxiliary I/O Setup"

EtherMeter_RS232 - HyperTerminal			
<u>File E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>C</u> all <u>T</u> ransfer <u>H</u> e	elp		
Pg 5/8-Interface			<tab>=Next Pg</tab>
LCD Screens:		Meter Description	ns:
LCD01 AUTO LCD02 AUTO LCD03 AUTO LCD04 AUTO LCD05 OFF LCD06 OFF LCD06 OFF LCD07 OFF LCD09 OFF LCD10 OFF LCD11 OFF LCD12 OFF LCD12 OFF LCD13 OFF LCD13 OFF LCD14 OFF LCD15 AUTO	Meter1 Meter2 Flow1 Flow2 Vcc AIN1 AIN2 Aux1 Aux2 Aux3 Uptime Protocol Addr Vers Banner	DESCR1: 1 DESCR2: 2 BANNER:	
Connected 0:07:10 ANSI	TCP/IP SCROLL	CAPS NUM Capture Prin	nt echo

Setup Screen #5 of 8 "Interface Setup"

EtherMeter_RS232 - HyperTerminal				x
<u>File E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>C</u> all <u>T</u> ransfer <u>H</u> e	elp			
D 🛩 📨 🍒 🗈 🎦 😭				
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	<pre><ab reg="">= N7:0-1 N7:2-3 N7:4-5 N7:6-7 N7:8 N7:9 N7:10 N7:11 N7:12 N7:13 N7:14 N7:15 N7:16-17 N7:18 N7:19 N7:20 N7:21 N7:22 N7:23 N7:24 N7:25</ab></pre>	Meter1(Unscaled) Meter2(Unscaled) Flow1x1K Flow2x1K Rollovers1 Rollovers2 AIN1(0-10K) AIN2(0-10K) VCCx10 StatusBits Meter1-Fault Weter2-Fault Uptime(min) M1-nDig M2-nDig M1-Expon M1-Units M2-Units M1-FaultCnt M2-FaultCnt	<tab>=Next Pg : 444 : 45198 : +0 : +0 : 0 : 10008 : 10008 : 241 : 0×0000 : 0 : 0 : 9 : 8 : 8 : +0 : 0 : 0 : 0 : 0 : 0 : 0 : 0 :</tab>	
Connected 0:08:18 ANSI	TCP/IP SCROLL	CAPS NUM Capture Print e	cho	//.

Setup Screen #6 of 8 "MODBUS/DF1 Register Realtime Display 1 of 2"

EtherMeter_RS232 - HyperTerminal		
<u>File Edit View Call Transfer H</u> elp		
□ ☞ ◎ ፮ □ 끕 ☞		
Pg 7/8-Reg Displ 2 = <modbus reg=""> 10001 10002 10003 10004 10005 10006 10007 10008 10009 10010 10011 10012 10013 10014 10015 10016</modbus>	<pre><ab reg=""> B250:0/0 AuxDigIO 1 :: B250:0/1 AuxDigIO 2 :: B250:0/2 AuxDigIO 3 :: B250:0/3 :: B250:0/4 :: B250:0/6 :: B250:0/6 :: B250:0/7 :: B250:0/10 Meter1 ReadFail :: B250:0/10 Meter1 FwdFlow Y/N :: B250:0/11 Meter2 FwdFlow Y/N :: B250:0/13 Meter2 RevFlow Y/N :: B250:0/14 :: B250:0/15 ::</ab></pre>	<tab>=Next Pg 0</tab>
Connected 0:08:40 ANSI TCP/IP	SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print echo	

Setup Screen #7 of 8 "MODBUS/DF1 Register Realtime Display 2 of 2"

EtherMeter_RS232 - HyperTerminal					
<u>File Edit View Call Transfer H</u> elp					
Pg 8/8-Diags Ch:1 ByteCnt:25 Synch RawData:V;RB000000444;IBL0T010 Sens,8 Dig Extr(Unsc):00000444 dTot(Unsc):0 , dTime(x4ms): FL0Wx1K:0 Ch:2	1219 <cr> 3750</cr>		<tab>=Next</tab>	Pg	•
ByteCnt:24 Synch RawData:V;RB00045198;IB330954 Sens,8 Dig Extr(Unsc):00045198 dTot(Unsc):0 , dTime(x4ms): FLOWx1K:0	.55 <cr> 3759</cr>				4
Connected 0:09:17 ANSI TCP/IP	SCROLL CAPS NU	M Capture	Print echo		11.

Setup Screen #8 of 8 "Meter Read Diagnostics"

Customizing The EtherMeter Through The Setup Menu

Setup commands are entered at the "CMD>" prompt. After each command is entered, it is recommended that the technician verify the modified setting on the Setup Menu Display. For example, to set the run-mode baud rate to 19200, type: SET BAUD 19200 <ENTER>

METER SETUP	SELECTIONS	DEFAULTS
	GAL, L, FT3, M3, LB, KG, AF, UNITS – REGISTER UNITS FOR TOTALIZER	
SET UNIT1	(AF = ACRE-FT; FT3=CUBIC FT; M3=CUBIC METERS. OTHERWISE SELF EXPLANATORY)	GAL
SET UNIT2	GAL, L, FT3, M3, LB, KG, AF, UNITS – REGISTER UNITS FOR TOTALIZER	GAL
SET FUNIT1	GAL, L, FT3, M3, LB, KG, AF, UNITS – REGISTER UNITS FOR FLOW-RATE (AF = ACRE-FT; FT3=CUBIC FT; M3=CUBIC METERS. OTHERWISE SELF EXPLANATORY)	GAL
SET FUNIT2	GAL, L, FT3, M3, LB, KG, AF, UNITS – REGISTER UNITS FOR FLOW-RATE	GAL
SET TB1	SECOND, MINUTE, HOUR TIMEBASE FOR FLOW-RATE CALCULATIONS. FOR EXAMPLE IF FUNITN=GALLONS AND IF TBN=MINUTE, THEN FLOW RATE WILL BE DISPLAYED AND REPORTED IN UNITS OF GALLONS/MINUTEIF FUNITN=M3 AND IF TBN=HOUR, THEN FLOW RATE WILL BE DISPLAYED AND REPORTED IN UNITS OF M3/HOUR.	MIN
SET TB2	SECOND, MINUTE, HOUR	MIN
SET EXP1	-8, -7, -6, -5, -4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 SPECIFIES THE PLACEMENT OF THE DECIMAL POINT FOR METER 1. '0' CORRESPONDS TO NOT MOVING THE DECIMAL POINT ONE DIGIT TO THE LEFT '+1' CORRESPONDS TO MOVING THE DECIMAL POINT ONE DIGIT TO THE RIGHT, ETC NOTE THAT THIS SETTING SCALES THE TOTAL AND FLOW AS DISPLAYED ON THE 2X16 LCD DISPLAY AND WEB PAGE. HOWEVER, THIS SETTING DOES NOT SCALE THE REPORTED TOTALS IN MODBUS REGISTERS 40001-40004 AND DF1 REGISTERS N7:0-3.	0
SET EXP2	-8, -7, -6, -5,-4,-3,-2,-1,0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8	0
SET ROLL1	-9995,-4,-3,-2,-1,0,1,2,3,4,5999 DEVICE WILL COUNT METER ROLLOVERS. USER MAY PRE-LOAD THESE REGISTERS.	0
SET ROLL2	-9995,-4,-3,-2,-1,0,1,2,3,4,5999	0
SET FCALC1	DTIME (Fixed dTime), DTOTAL (Fixed dTotal) SPECIFIES THE FLOW RATE CALCULATION METHOD: DTIME: • FIXED DELTA TIME (EG. 30 SECS) • BEST FOR REGISTER WITH 8 WHEELS • FLOW = DELTA-TOTAL / DELTA-TIME (FIXED WINDOW = 4 x DTIME). • FLOW RATE IS RE-CALCULATED AFTER EACH SAMPLE. (SEE SAMP1) DTOTAL: • FIXED DELTA TOTAL (EG. 1000 GAL) • BEST FOR REGISTERS WITH 6 OR FEWER WHEELS • FLOW = DTOTAL (FIXED) / DTIME • FLOW RATE IS RE-CALCULATED WHEN THE REGISTER REPORTS A NEW TOTAL, UNLESS TIMEOUT1 HAS ELAPSED.	DTIME
SET FCALC2	DTIME (Fixed dTime), DTOTAL (Fixed dTotal)	DTIME
SET SAMP1	N (secs) (Meter 1 Sample Period) TIME (SECS) BETWEEN METER READS IF FLOWCALCn=DTIME, SET SAMPn TO 8-45 SECS (TYPICAL). IF FLOWCALCn=DTOTAL, SET SAMPn TO 3-15 SECS (TYPICAL). VALID RANGE: 1-28800 N (secs) (Mater 2 Second Registed)	15
SET SAMP2	N (secs) (Meter 2 Sample Period)	15

SETUP MODE COMMANDS:

	N (secs) (Flow Timeout For Fixed dTotal)	
SET TO1	IF USING FIXED DTOTAL FLOW CALC METHOD, AND METER HAS NOT INCREASED, AND TIMEOUT HAS ELAPSED, DISPLAY AND REPORT FLOW RATE AS ZERO. VALID RANGE: 1-28800	300
SET TO2	N (secs) (Flow Timeout For Fixed dTotal)	300
SET TYPE1	Meter 1 Protocol Type AUTO, NEPTUNE, SENSUS, ELSTER, PULSE When set to AUTO, the EtherMeter runs an AUTO-DETECT sequence to	AUTO
	determine the correct encoder-type protocol (NEPTUNE, SENSUS, ELSTER). AUTO does not detect pulse-type meters. Therefore, when using a pulse-type meter, the user should always set TYPE1 to PULSE.	
SET TYPE2	Meter 2 Protocol Type	AUTO
SET DB1	N (msecs) – Debounce Filter Window; VALID RANGE: 0 – 10000 msecs (PULSE-TYPE REGISTERS ONLY) PULSE DURATIONS SHORTER THAN DB1 MSECS ARE IGNORED. DEBOUNCE FILTER IS DISABLED IF DB1=0.	0
SET DB2	N (msecs) – Debounce Filter Window; VALID RANGE: 0 – 10000 msecs	0
SET PD1	N (PULSE DIVIDER); VALID RANGE: 1 – 100,000 USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH PS1. (PULSE-TYPE REGISTERS ONLY) PS1 (PULSE SCALER) and PD1 (PULSE DIVIDER) ARE PARAMETERS USED TO SCALE THE PULSE COUNT INTO ENGINEERING UNITS. FOR EXAMPLE, IF METER 1 EMITS 1431 PULSES PER 1000 GALLONS, THEN PD1 SHOULD BE SET TO 1431 AND PS1 SHOULD BE SET TO 1000.	1
SET PD2	N (PULSE DIVIDER); VALID RANGE: 1 – 100,000 USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH PS2. (PULSE-TYPE REGISTERS ONLY)	1
SET PS1	N (PULSE SCALER); VALID VALUES: 1, 10, 100, 1000, 10000, 100000 USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH PD1. (PULSE-TYPE REGISTERS ONLY) PS1 (PULSE SCALER) and PD1 (PULSE DIVIDER) ARE PARAMETERS USED TO SCALE THE PULSE COUNT INTO ENGINEERING UNITS. FOR EXAMPLE, IF METER 1 EMITS 1431 PULSES PER 1000 GALLONS, THEN PD1 SHOULD BE SET TO 1431 AND PS1 SHOULD BE SET TO 1000.	1
SET PS2	N (PULSE SCALER); VALID VALUES: 1, 10, 100, 1000, 10000, 100000 USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH PD2. (PULSE-TYPE REGISTERS ONLY)	1
SET CNT1	PULSE PRE-SET COUNT; VALID RANGE: 0 – 9999999999 (PULSE-TYPE REGISTERS ONLY)	0
SET CNT2	PULSE PRE-SET COUNT; VALID RANGE: 0 – 999999999	0
SET SIMULATION	 OFF, ON ON: ETHERMETER REPORTS METER1 REGISTER AS 12345678, AND FLOW1 REGISTER TO -12345678. USEFUL FOR OFFLINE TESTING. NOTE: SIMULATION MODE IS ALWAYS CLEARED AFTER REBOOT. OFF: ETHERMETER REPORTS ACTUAL REGISTER CONTENTS. WHEN SIMULATION=ON, THE SETUP MENU PROMPT IS: SIMUL> WHEN SIMULATION=OFF THE SETUP MENU PROMPT IS: CMD> 	OFF

SERIAL PORT	SELECTIONS	DEFAULTS
SETUP		
	N (decimal) (Protocol-Specific)	4 (-1
SET ADDRESS	DEVICE ADDRESS FOR MODBUS, DF1, AND ADAM-4000 PROTOCOLS. ETHERMETER DOES NOT CHECK ADDRESS FOR RANGE VALIDITY.	4 (decimai)
SET PROTOCOL	MB-RTU, MB-ASCII, DF1-FD, DF1-RM, ASCII (ASCII-VERSION ONLY), DISPLAY (DISPLAY-VERSION ONLY), ADAM (ADAM-VERSION ONLY)	MB-RTU
	(SELF EXPLANATORY)	
	N (bps)	0000
SET DAUD	NOTE: DEVICE CAPABLE OF NON-STANDARD BAUD RATES.	9000
	8N1, 7E1, 7O1, 7N2	
SET SERIALPARAMS	8N1 (8 Data Bits, No Parity, 1 Stop Bit) 7E1 (7 Data Bits, Even Parity, 1 Stop Bit) 7O1 (7 Data Bits, Odd Parity, 1 Stop Bit) 7N2 (7 Data Bits, No Parity, 2 Stop Bits)	8N1
	FIXEDRTS, NULLMODEM, HANDSHAKE, NONE	
	FIXEDRTS (USE FOR CERTAIN "DUMB" MODEMS & RS-485): • DELAY BEFORE RESPONSE FOR FIXED TIME, • THEN RAISE RTS FOR FIXED TIME, • TRANSMIT DATA • HOLD RTS HIGH FOR FIXED TIME	
SET FLOW-CTRL	NULL-MODEM: • TRANSMITS IF/WHILE CTS IS HIGH. • LOWERS RTS IF/WHILE RCV BUFFER FULL.	FIXEDRTS
	HANDSHAKE (USE FOR CERTAIN "SMART" MODEMS): • RAISE RTS WHEN DATA IS READY TO TRANSMIT. • BUT WAIT FOR CTS RCV'D FROM MASTER BEFORE XMT.	
	NONE (USE FOR CERTAIN "SMART" MODEMS): • NO HARDWARE FLOW CONTROL • ACTIVE WIRES: TXD, RXD, AND GND	
	NOTE: SOFTWARE FLOW CONTROL IS NOT SUPPORTED.	
	N (usecs)	
SET RESP-DELAY-US	 USED WITH "FIXEDRTS" FLOW CONTROL ONLY. TIME DELAY BEFORE RESPONDING TO A REQUEST BY A MASTER. USEFUL FOR TUNING RS-485 OR RADIO-MODEM TIMING. IMPLEMENTED INTERNALLY IN MULTIPLES OF 208 MICROSECONDS. 	0
	N (usecs)	
SET PRE-RTS-US	 USED WITH "FIXEDRTS" FLOW CONTROL ONLY. AFTER RESP-DELAY-US, THIS IS THE TIME DELAY WHILE HOLDING RTS HIGH. USEFUL FOR TUNING RS-485 OR RADIO-MODEM TIMING. IMPLEMENTED INTERNALLY IN MULTIPLES OF 208 MICROSECONDS. 	1000
	N (usecs)	
SET POST-RTS-US	 USED WITH "FIXEDRTS" FLOW CONTROL ONLY. AFTER DATA IS COMPLETELY TRANSMITTED, THIS IS THE TIME DELAY FOR HOLDING RTS HIGH. USEFUL FOR TUNING RS-485 OR RADIO-MODEM TIMING. IMPLEMENTED INTERNALLY IN MULTIPLES OF 208 MICROSECONDS. 	0

	N (usecs)	
SET COLL-AVOID-US	 USED WITH "FIXEDRTS" FLOW CONTROL ONLY. IF NON-ZERO, TRANSMITTER WILL WAIT UP TO N MICROSECONDS FOR DCD TO GO LOW BEFORE TRANSMITTING. USEFUL FOR IMPLEMENTING COLLISION-AVOIDANCE WITH "DUMB" RADIO-MODEMS. IMPLEMENTED INTERNALLY IN MULTIPLES OF 208 MICROSECONDS. 	0
	N (halfbytes)	
SET NHALFBYTES	• MODIFIES MODBUS/RTU AND DF1 SERIAL RECEPTION BEHAVIOR. DURING DATA PACKET RECEPTION, AFTER "N" HALF-BYTE TIME PERIODS HAVE ELAPSED WITH NO FURTHER DATA RECEIVED, THEN END-OF-PACKET IS ASSUMED. DOES NOT AFFECT MODBUS/ASCII OR ADAM-4000 RECEPTION BEHAVIOR.	7 (MODBUS/RTU DEFAULT = 7, EQUIVALENT TO 3.5 BYTE TIMES)
	MODIFYING THIS SETTING MAY IMPROVE RECEPTION RELIABILITY WHEN USING AN UNCONDITIONED (EG. BELL-202) RADIO-MODEM.	

MODBUS SETUP	SELECTIONS	DEFAULTS
	BIG-ENDIAN, LITTLE-ENDIAN	
SET END16	• BIG-ENDIAN – MS (MOST SIGNIFICANT) BYTE TRANSMITTED FIRST • LITTLE-ENDIAN – LS (LEAST SIGNIFICANT) BYTE TRANSMITTED FIRST	BIG-ENDIAN
	BIG-ENDIAN, LITTLE-ENDIAN	
SET END32	• BIG-ENDIAN – MS (MOST SIGNIFICANT) WORD TRANSMITTED FIRST • LITTLE-ENDIAN – LS (LEAST SIGNIFICANT) WORD TRANSMITTED FIRST	BIG-ENDIAN
DF1 SETUP	SELECTIONS	DEFAULTS
SET DF1CHK	CRC, BCC • CRC (DEFAULT) – USE 16-BIT CRC ERROR CHECKING • BCC – USE 8-BIT CHECKSUM	CRC
ADAM 4000 SETUR	SELECTIONS	
ADAM-4000 SETUP		DEFAULIS
SET ADMCHK (ADAM-VERSION ONLY)	 OFF (ADAM-4000 DEFAULT) – TURN OFF CHECKSUM ERROR CHECKING ON – TURN ON CHECKSUM ERROR CHECKING 	OFF
NETWORK SETUP	SELECTIONS	DEFAULTS
	OFF, ON	
SET DHCP	 OFF (DEFAULT) – USE DEFAULT IP ADDRESS, GATEWAY ADDRESS, AND NETMASK. ON – USE DHCP TO FETCH IP ADDRESS, GATEWAY ADDRESS, AND NETMASK. 	ON
	nnn.nnn.nnn	
SET IP	DEFAULT IP ADDRESS IGNORED WHEN DHCP IS ON	192.168.1.140
	nnn.nnn.nnn	
SET GATEWAY	DEFAULT GATEWAY ADDRESS IGNORED WHEN DHCP IS ON	192.168.1.1
	nnn.nnn.nnn	
SET NETMASK	DEFAULT NETMASK IGNORED WHEN DHCP IS ON	255.255.255.0
	HALF, FULL	
SET DUPLEX	HALF (DEFAULT) – USE 10BASET HALF DUPLEX FULL – USE 10BASET FULL DUPLEX.	HALF
	(NOTE: ETHERMETER DOES NOT AUTO-NEGOTIATE DUPLEX SETTING. IF UNSURE, LEAVE AT DEFAULT SETTING: HALF DUPLEX.)	
	ΑΑΑΑΑΑΑ	
SET PASSWORD	• TELNET PASSWORD (CASE INSENSITIVE, 8 CHARS MAX) • TELNET USERNAME IS FIXED AS: EMETER	EMETER
SET PORT HTTP	1 – 65535	80
	TCP PORT FOR WEB SERVER, 0=DISABLE WEB SERVER	
SET PORT TELNET	1 – 65535 TCP PORT FOR TELNET SERVER, 0=DISABLE TELNET SERVER	23
	1 - 65535	
SET PORT MBTCP	TCP PORT FOR MODBUS/TCP, UDP PORT FOR MODBUS/UDP (NOTE! – MODBUS/RTU piped over UDP is available on port MBTCP+1)	502
	1 – 65535	
SET PORT ETHIP	TCP PORT FOR ETHERNET/IP, UDP PORT FOR ETHERNET/IP/UDP (NOTE! – DF1.RM piped over UDP is available on port ETHIP+1)	44818

AUX I/O SETUP	SELECTIONS	DEFAULTS		
	DIN, DOUT, PWRSAVHI, PWRSAVLO			
	DIN: • DIGITAL INPUT – MAY BE MONITORED BY INTERROGATION FROM MODBUS, DF1, ETHERNET/IP, OR ADAM MASTER			
	DOUT: • DIGITAL OUTPUT – FOLLOWS COMMANDS FROM MODBUS OR DF1 (OR ADAM) MASTER			
SET AUX1	PWRSAVHI: • DIGITAL OUTPUT GOES "HI" (5V) TO TURN ON CONNECTED RADIO OR MODEM.	DIN		
	PWRSAVLO: • DIGITAL OUTPUT GOES "LO" (0V) TO TURN ON CONNECTED RADIO OR MODEM.			
	(FOR PWRSAVLO AND PWRSAVHI TIMING DIAGRAMS, SEE SECTION 9, RADIO INTERFACE.)			
	DOUT, DIN, DUP			
SET AUX2	DOUT: • DIGITAL OUTPUT – FOLLOWS COMMANDS FROM MODBUS, DF1, ETHERNET/IP, OR ADAM MASTER			
	DIN: • DIGITAL INPUT – MAY BE MONITORED BY INTERROGATION FROM MODBUS, DF1, ETHERNET/IP, OR ADAM MASTER			
	DUP: • CONTROL DUPLEXER OUTPUT – FOR SDA, SDAW, RRFD, RRFW.			
	DOUT, DIN, DUP			
	DOUT: • DIGITAL OUTPUT – FOLLOWS COMMANDS FROM MODBUS, DF1, ETHERNET/IP, OR ADAM MASTER			
SET AUX3	DIN: • DIGITAL INPUT – MAY BE MONITORED BY INTERROGATION FROM MODBUS, DF1, ETHERNET/IP, OR ADAM MASTER			
	DUP: • CONTROL DUPLEXER OUTPUT – FOR SDA, SDAW, RRFD, RRFW			
	N (secs)			
SET ONTIME	 USED WHEN DOUT1=PWRSAVHI OR PWRSAVLO TIME TO LEAVE RADIO ON AFTER THE RECEIPT OF A POLL REQUEST ADDRESSED TO THIS DEVICE. FOR TIMING DIAGRAM, SEE SECTION 9, RADIO INTERFACE. 	60 (1 min)		
	N (secs)			
SET OFFTIME	 AFTER RECEIPT OF POLL REQUEST AND AFTER ONTIME ELAPSED, TIME TO LEAVE RADIO OFF. AFTER OFFTIME ELAPSES, RADIO WILL BE TURNED OFF AND DEVICE WILL WAIT FOR NEXT POLL REQUEST. 	21240 (5 hrs,54min)		
	 FOR TIMING DIAGRAM, SEE SECTION 9, RADIO INTERFACE. 			

	NONE, ON, OFF	
	ON: • WHEN POLL NOT RECEIVED FOR FAILTIME (SECS), TURN DIGITAL OUTPUT(S) ON.	
SET FAILSAFE	OFF: • WHEN POLL NOT RECEIVED FOR FAILTIME (SECS), TURN DIGITAL OUTPUT(S) OFF.	NONE
	NONE: • IGNORE FAILTIME.	
	('FAILSAFE' SETTING ONLY AFFECTS AUXILIARY OUTPUT(S) WHEN AUXn=DOUT.)	
	N (secs)	
SET FAILTIME	WHEN POLL NOT RECEIVED AFTER FAILTIME (SECS) HAS ELAPSED, DIGITAL OUTPUT(S) PUT INTO FAILSAFE STATE (ON OR OFF).	60
	('FAILTIME' SETTING ONLY AFFECTS AUXILIARY OUTPUT(S) WHEN FAILSAFE=ON/OFF AND AUXn=DOUT)	
	0-20160 minutes	
	"WATCHDOG TIMER – ETHERNET COMMS"	
WDETH_MIN	WHEN ETHERNET PORT POLL (MODBUS/TCP/UDP, MODBUS/RTU/UDP, ETHERNET/IP, ETHERNET/IP/UDP, DF1.RM/UDP) NOT RECEIVED AFTER WDSER_MIN (MINUTES) HAS ELAPSED, THEN THE ETHERMETER REBOOTS. 0=DISABLED.	0 (0=DISABLED)
	POTENTIALLY USEFUL MECHANISM TO DETECT AND RESET CORRUPTED COMMUNICATIONS THAT CAN OCCUR OVER UNRELIABLE WIRELESS AND CELLULAR DATA LINKS.	
	0-20160 minutes	
	"WATCHDOG TIMER – SERIAL COMMS"	
WDSER_MIN	WHEN SERIAL PORT POLL (MODBUS/RTU/ASCII, DF1) NOT RECEIVED AFTER WDSER_MIN (MINUTES) HAS ELAPSED, THEN THE ETHERMETER REBOOTS. 0=DISABLED.	0 (0=DISABLED)
	POTENTIALLY USEFUL MECHANISM TO DETECT AND RESET CORRUPTED COMMUNICATIONS THAT CAN OCCUR OVER UNRELIABLE WIRELESS AND CELLULAR DATA LINKS.	
	MA, V	
	MA: 0 (0%) → 4 MA 10000 (100%) → 20 MA	
	V: 0 (0%) → 0 V 10000 (100%) → 5 V	
	(NOTE: FOR 0-5V INPUT, REMOVE J4)	
	MA, V	
	MA: 0 (0%) → 4 MA 10000 (100%) → 20 MA	
SET AIN1	V	MA
	V. 0 (0%) → 0 V 10000 (100%) → 5 V	
	(NOTE: FOR 0-5V INPUT, REMOVE J5)	
SET AIN2	A/D CONVERTER CONSTANT 1 - FACTORY USE ONLY	МА
	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	
SET ADCONST	A/D CONVERTER CONSTANT 2 - FACTORY USE ONLY	1000
SET ADSHIFT	FACTORY USE ONLY - SMOOTHING FILTER FOR ANALOG INPUTS	6

INTERFACE SETUP	SELECTIONS	DEFAULTS				
	AUTO, ON, OFF					
	CONTROLS LCD DISPLAY OF METER #1 TOTALIZATION.					
	AUTO: DISPLAY ACTIVE WHEN METER #1 DETECTED.					
SET LCD01	ON: DISPLAY ACTIVE, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER METER 1 DETECTED.	AUTO				
	OFF: SUPPRESSES DISPLAY.					
	NOTE: FOR CONVENIENCE, <u>ALL</u> LCD SCREENS ARE SEQUENTIALLY DISPLAYED RIGHT AFTER POWERUP AND RIGHT AFTER SWITCHING FROM SETUP MODE TO RUN MODE (DIP SWITCH #8).					
	AUTO, ON, OFF					
	CONTROLS LCD DISPLAY OF METER #2 TOTALIZATION.					
SET LCD02	AUTO: DISPLAY ACTIVE WHEN METER #2 DETECTED.	AUTO				
	ON: DISPLAY ACTIVE, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER METER #2 DETECTED.					
	OFF: SUPPRESSES DISPLAY.					
	AUTO, ON, OFF					
	CONTROLS LCD DISPLAY OF METER #1 FLOW RATE.					
SET LCD03	AUTO: DISPLAY ACTIVE WHEN METER #1 DETECTED.					
	ON: DISPLAY ACTIVE, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER METER #1 DETECTED.					
	OFF: SUPPRESSES DISPLAY.					
	AUTO, ON, OFF					
	CONTROLS LCD DISPLAY OF METER #2 FLOW RATE.					
SET LCD04	AUTO: DISPLAY ACTIVE WHEN METER #2 DETECTED.					
	ON: DISPLAY ACTIVE, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER METER #2 DETECTED.					
	OFF: SUPPRESSES DISPLAY.					
	ON, OFF					
	CONTROLS LCD DISPLAY OF POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE.					
SET LCD05	ON: DISPLAY ACTIVE.	OFF				
	OFF: SUPPRESSES DISPLAY.					
	ON, OFF					
	CONTROLS LCD DISPLAY OF ANALOG INPUT #1.					
SET LCD06	ON: DISPLAY ACTIVE.	OFF				
	OFF: SUPPRESSES DISPLAY.					

	ON, OFF			
	CONTROLS LCD DISPLAY OF ANALOG INPUT #2.			
SET LCD07	ON:	OFF		
	DISPLAY ACTIVE.	-		
	OFF: SUPPRESSES DISPLAY.			
	ON, OFF			
	CONTROLS LCD DISPLAY OF AUX DIGITAL I/O #1.			
SET LCD08	ON:	OFF		
	DISPLAY ACTIVE.			
	OFF: SUPPRESSES DISPLAY.			
	ON, OFF			
	CONTROLS LCD DISPLAY OF AUX DIGITAL I/O #2.			
SET LCD09	ON:	OFF		
	DISPLAY ACTIVE.			
	ON, OFF			
	CONTROLS LCD DISPLAY OF AUX DIGITAL I/O #3.			
SET LODIO		OFF		
	DISPLAY ACTIVE.			
	OFF:			
	ON OFF			
	CONTROLS LOD DISPLAT OF DEVICE OF TIME (MINUTES).			
SET LCD11	ON: DISPLAY ACTIVE.	OFF		
	OFF:			
	SUPPRESSES DISPLAY.			
	ON, OFF			
	CONTROLS LCD DISPLAY OF ACTIVE SERIAL PROTOCOL.			
SET LCD12		OFF		
	SUPPRESSES DISPLAY.			
	ON, OFF			
	CONTROLS LCD DISPLAY OF DEVICE (ETHERNET) ADDRESS.			
SET LCD13		OFF		
	DISPLAY ACTIVE.			
	OFF: SUPPRESSES DISPLAY.			
	ON, OFF			
	CONTROLS LCD DISPLAY OF FIRMWARE VERSION.			
SET LCD14	ON:	OFF		
	DISPLAY ACTIVE.			
	OFF: SUPPRESSES DISPLAY.			

	AUTO, ON, OFF	
	CONTROLS LCD DISPLAY OF BANNER TEXT.	
SET LCD15	AUTO: DISPLAYS WHEN BANNER TEXT EXISTS (WHEN BANNER TEXT HAS BEEN ENTERED BY THE USER).	AUTO
	ON: DISPLAY ACTIVE.	
	OFF: SUPPRESSES DISPLAY.	
SET DESCR1	TEXT DESCRIPTION FOR THE METER ATTACHED TO CHANNEL 1 (1 TO 4 CHARACTERS, NO SPACES OR PERIODS).	1
SET DESCR2	TEXT DESCRIPTION FOR THE METER ATTACHED TO CHANNEL 2 (1 TO 4 CHARACTERS, NO SPACES OR PERIODS).	2
	TEXT DESCRIPTION FOR THE ETHERMETER'S LOCATION/PURPOSE/ETC (1 TO 32 CHARACTERS).	
SET BANNER	NOTE 1: THE BANNER TEXT ENTERED SHOULD NOT CONTAIN ANY SPACES OR PERIODS. UNDERSCORES SHOULD BE ENTERED IN LIEU OF SPACES WHEREVER NEEDED. THE ETHERMETER WILL AUTOMATICALLY REPLACE THE UNDERSCORES WITH SPACES ON THE LCD DISPLAY, WEB PAGE, AND SETUP MENU.	<blank></blank>
	NOTE 2: TO CLEAR THE BANNER TEXT, TYPE: "SET BANNER <enter>"</enter>	

NOTE 1: THE UNIT EXECUTES A SOFT RESTART WHEN "REBOOT" IS ENTERED AT THE COMMAND PROMPT.

NOTE 2: THE FACTORY DEFAULT SETTINGS ARE RESTORED WHEN "FACTORYRESET" IS ENTERED AT THE COMMAND PROMPT.

14 MODBUS PROTOCOL SUPPORT

This manual assumes that the user is well-versed in the MODBUS Protocol. In order to learn more about the MODBUS protocol, visit modicon.com or modbus.org.

The following subset of the MODBUS protocol is supported by the EtherMeter:

- 01 Read Coil Status
- 02 Read Input Status
- 03 Read Holding Registers
- 04 Read Input Registers (Mirrors Function 03)
- 05 Force Single Coil
- 06 Write Single (Holding) Register
- 15 Force Multiple Coils

The default byte-order is "high-byte / low-byte" and the default word order is "high-word / low-word". This method of ordering is also known as "Big-Endian". However, the MODBUS byte-order and word-order can be modified through the Setup Menu.

In keeping with MODBUS/TCP protocol specifications, The EtherMeter ignores the "Device Address" field that is transmitted within all MODBUS/TCP/UDP requests, as the EtherMeter is sufficiently distinguished by its IP address. The EtherMeter does require MODBUS/RTU/UDP requests to specify the correct "Device Address". Please note that fragmented MODBUS/TCP/UDP packets are not supported.

Although there is not a defined MODBUS/UDP standard, the EtherMeter's implementation has been compatibility tested with KepServerEx, Digi One IAP, and likely other software and devices.

To test and/or verify MODBUS communications with the EtherMeter, there are several useful computer programs available. SCADAmetrics recommends the SimplyModbusRTU and SimplyModbusTCP programs, which are available for a modest price from <u>www.simplymodbus.ca</u>. Assistance and support for these programs (and all 3rd-party software) may be obtained from their respective manufacturers.

Simply ModbusTCP 1.2			
mode IP Address Port copy down 🔗 r	egister# bytes	results	notes clear notes 📎
TCP 192.168.1.140 502 32bit UINT	40001 0000 000B	11	
DISCONNECT CONNECTED	40003 0000 0000	0	
Slave ID First Register No. of Regs	40005 0000 0000	0	
€ 4 € 40001 € 8 € 32bit UINT	40007 0000 0000	0	
2 byte ID code 3 byte ID code 3 byte ID code 5 byte ID code			
Request			
00 02 00 00 00 06 04 03 00 00 00 08			
SEND response time (seconds) 0.0 Response fail in \$5.0			
00 01 00 00 00 13 04 03 10 00 00 00 08 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0			
✓ ✓ ✓ High byte/ Low byte ✓ High word/ Low word	pause between sends	response time responses reset	0.0 max 0.0 1 avg 0.000 0 min 0.0
SAVE CFG RESTORE CFG WRITE ABOUT	rl-H for context help	(SAVE LOG 🕽 🛛 clear log 🔗
2008/03/24 15:10:09 >>> 00 01 00 00 00 06 04 03 00 0 2008/03/24 15:10:09 < 00 01 00 00 00 13 04 03 10 00	0 00 08 00 00 0B 00 00 00	00 00 00 00 00	00 00 00 00

Figure 14A. A Screen Snapshot of the Simply Modbus TCP Client.

FUNCTION: 03(READ)

REGISTERS DESCRIPTORS

METER 1 TOTAL (UNSCALED) METER 2 TOTAL (UNSCALED) FLOW 1 X 1000 FLOW 2 X 1000 **ROLLOVERS – METER 1 ROLLOVERS - METER 2** AIN 1 (0-10000) AIN 2 (0-10000) SUPPLY VOLTS X 10 DIGITAL STATUS BITS (See Details Next Page) METER 1 READ FAULT METER 2 READ FAULT SYSTEM UPTIME (MINUTES) METER 1 nDIGITS METER 2 nDIGITS METER 1 EXPONENT METER 2 EXPONENT METER 1 UNITS (See Figure 14B for Details) METER 2 UNITS (See Figure 14B for Details) METER 1 READ FAULT COUNTER METER 2 READ FAULT COUNTER

*DATA OCCUPYING THESE REGISTERS ARE 32-BIT UNSIGNED LONG INTEGERS. **DATA OCCUPYING THESE REGISTERS ARE 32-BIT SIGNED LONG INTEGERS. ALL OTHERS ARE 16-BIT SIGNED INTEGERS

FUNCTION: 02(READ)

INPUTS

DESCRIPTORS

AUX DIGITAL I/O 1 AUX DIGITAL I/O 2 AUX DIGITAL I/O 3 -reserved/future-METER 1 READ FAULT METER 2 READ FAULT METER 1 FWD FLOW (Y/N) METER 1 REV FLOW (Y/N) METER 2 REV FLOW (Y/N) -reserved/future-

FUNCTION: 01(READ) / 05(WRITE) / 15(WRITE)

<u>COILS</u>

DESCRIPTOR

00001	AUX DIGITAL OUTPUT 1
00002	AUX DIGITAL OUTPUT 2
00003	AUX DIGITAL OUTPUT 3
00004	REBOOT DEVICE
00005-00008	-reserved/future-
00009	RESET CNT1 to ZERO (When Meter Ch. 1 Configured As Pulse Input)
00010	RESET CNT2 to ZERO (When Meter Ch. 2 Configured As Pulse Input)
00011-00016	-reserved/future-

EtherMeter MODBUS Register Map.

Modbus Register 40014 contains the 16-bit word: **"Digital Status Bits"**. The contents of this word are as illustrated in the following table:

Bit Position	Contents
00 (Least Significant Bit)	Aux Digital I/O 1 Status (1=ON, 0=OFF)
01	Aux Digital I/O 2 Status (1=ON, 0=OFF)
02	Aux Digital I/O 3 Status (1=ON, 0=OFF)
03	REBOOT DEVICE
04	-reserved/future-
05	-reserved/future-
06	-reserved/future-
07	-reserved/future-
08	Meter 1 Read Fault (1=Fault, 0=OK)
09	Meter 2 Read Fault (1=Fault, 0=OK)
10	Meter 1 Fwd Flow (1=Fwd Flow)
11	Meter 2 Fwd Flow (1=Fwd Flow)
12	Meter 1 Rev Flow (1=Rev Flow)
13	Meter 2 Rev Flow (1=Rev Flow)
14	-reserved/future-
15 (Most Significant Bit)	-reserved/future-

For example, if **Register 40014** contains the following:

0000 1100 0000 0111 (Binary)... or 0C07 (Hexadecimal)... or 3079 (Decimal)

Then the following status conditions exist:

Aux Digital I/O 1	1	ON
Aux Digital I/O 2	1	ON
Aux Digital I/O 3	1	ON
REBOOT DEVICE	0	-N/A-
-N/A-	0	-N/A-
Meter 1 Read Fault	0	OFF (OK)
Meter 2 Read Fault	0	OFF (OK)
Meter 1 Fwd Flow	1	ON
Meter 2 Fwd Flow	1	ON
Meter 1 Rev Flow	0	OFF
Meter 2 Rev Flow	0	OFF
-N/A-	0	-N/A-
-N/A-	0	-N/A-



Example MODBUS Request/Response.

Sample MODBUS/RTU Commands:

The following samples are provided to familiarize the user with a few of the core EtherMeter MODBUS/RTU commands. In all samples, the device address=4. Note that the users' responses will vary in accordance with the unique I/O state of each EtherMeter.

Read: Meter 1, Meter 2, Flow 1, Flow 2 MODBUS Function 3

 Request:
 04
 03
 00
 00
 08
 44
 59

 Response (example):
 04
 03
 10
 00
 00
 2F
 00
 00
 00
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Read: Eight (8) Digital Inputs MODBUS Function 2

Request:	04	02	00	00	00	08	79	99
Response (example):	04	02	01	03	E1	45		

Write: Turn 1st Coil ON (Aux Digital I/O 1) MODBUS Function 5

Request:	04	05	00	00	FF	00	8C	6F
Response (example):	04	05	00	00	FF	00	8C	6F

Write: Turn 1st Coil OFF (Aux Digital I/O 1) MODBUS Function 5

Request:	04	05	00	00	00	00	CD	9F
Response (example):	04	05	00	00	00	00	CD	9F

Write: Turn 2nd Coil ON (Aux Digital I/O 2) MODBUS Function 5

Request:	04	05	00	01	FF	00	DD	AF
Response (example):	04	05	00	01	FF	00	DD	AF

Write: Turn 2nd Coil OFF (Aux Digital I/O 2) MODBUS Function 5

Request:	04	05	00	01	00	00	9C	5F
Response (example):	04	05	00	01	00	00	9C	5F

TOTALIZATION AND FLOW DATA FORMAT:

The EtherMeter was designed in such a way as to simplify and compress the formatting of all reported data. As shown in the previous charts, no floating point or 64-bit registers are implemented in the holding (4xxxx) registers, as all data is represented internally as 32-bit long integers (signed or unsigned) and 16-bit signed integers.

In order to achieve a high level of simplicity and prevent integer overflows, separate exponential scale factors and multipliers are provided in certain MODBUS registers.

If fully-scaled totalization data is desired, then 64-bit data processing may be required by the MODBUS master polling PLC or computer. In most instances, however, 32-bit data manipulation will suffice.

TOTALIZATION HELPER FORMULAS:

The following calculations are examples helper formulas that may be implemented within the master. When deciding whether to use 64-bit versus 32-bit data manipulation routines at the master, it is recommended that the user factor in the largest expected meter totalization value (meter-specific), and consider that the largest possible 32-bit unsigned long integer is 4,294,967,295.

Meter 1 Actual Total	= ([METER 1 TOTAL UNSCALED] x [10 ^[METER 1 EXPONENT]]) + ([ROLLOVERS METER 1] x [10 ^[METER 1 nDIGITS]] x [10 ^[METER 1 EXPONENT]]) = ([40001,40002] x [10 ^[40021]])+ ([40009] x [10 ^[40019]] x [10 ^[40021]])
Meter 2 Actual Total	= ([METER 2 TOTAL UNSCALED] x [10 ^[METER 2 EXPONENT]]) + ([ROLLOVERS METER 2] x [10 ^[METER 2 nDIGITS]] x [10 ^[METER 2 EXPONENT]]) = ([40003,40004] x [10 ^[40022]]) + ([40010] x [10 ^[40020]] x [10 ^[40022]])

FLOW RATE HELPER FORMULAS:

The following are possible flow rate helper formulas that may be implemented within a MODBUS master polling PLC or computer:

Meter 1 Actual Flow	= [FLOW 1] / 1000
	= [40005,40006] / 1000

Meter 2 Actual Flow	= [FLOW 2] / 1000
	= [40007,40008] / 1000

EXAMPLE:

Consider the following case of a meter register installed on meter channel 1. This register contains 8 variable digits plus two (2) fixed zeros on the right. (EXP1=+2.)



In this case, the actual total is 1,234,567,800 gallons. However, the [40001,40002] MODBUS holding register will report the total as: 12,345,678. If scaling to GALLONS is desired, then the polling device (master) must perform the scaling (multiply by 10^(EXPn) or 10^[40022] or 100).

Regarding flow, all reported flow rates are multiplied by 1000 to eliminate the need for floating point formatting within the EtherMeter. In this case, if the actual flow rate is 987.6 GPM, then the [40005,40006] MODBUS holding register will report the flow as 987,600 (milliGallons/minute). If scaling to GPM is desired, then the polling device (master) must perform the floating point conversion and scaling (divide by 1000).

The EtherMeter can provide flow-rate in units that differ from the totalization, within certain limitations. The following table illustrates the available option combinations:

Totalization Units	Flow Units	Unit Code
Gallons	Gallons Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	0
Liters	Liters Per [Hour,Minute,Sec] Cubic Meters Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	1
Cubic Feet	Cubic Feet Per [Hour,Minute,Sec] Gallons Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	2
Cubic Meters	Cubic Meters Per [Hour,Minute,Sec] Liters Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	3
Pounds	Pounds Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	4
Kilograms	Kilograms Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	5
Acre Feet	Acre Feet Per [Hour,Minute,Sec] Gallons Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	6
Units (Generic)	Units Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	7

Figure 14B. Supported Combinations: Totalizer Units, Flow Units

The EtherMeter provides the Modbus client/master with the ability to query the totalizer units and the flow-rate units. Both totalizer and flow units for meter channel #1 are packed within 16-bit holding register 40023, and the totalizer and flow units for meter channel #2 are packed within 16-bit holding register 40024.

The totalizer untis are stored within the lower 8 bits, and the flow units are stored within the upper 8 bits, as illustrated in the following table:

Totalization Units	Flow Units	Holding Regis (Registers 40	ster Value 023, 40024)
		Decimal	Hex
Gallons	Gallons Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	0	0x0000
Litoro	Liters Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	257	0x0101
Liters	Cubic Meters Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	769	0x0301
Cubic Foot	Cubic Feet Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	514	0x0202
Cubic Feel	Gallons Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	2	0x0002
Cubic Motors	Cubic Meters Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	771	0x0303
	Liters Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	259	0x0103
Pounds	Pounds Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	1028	0x0404
Kilograms	Kilograms Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	1285	0x0505
Aoro Foot	Acre Feet Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	1542	0x0606
Acre Feel	Gallons Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	6	0x0006
Units (Generic)	Units Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	7	0x0707

Figure 14C. Totalizer Unit, Flow Unit – Modbus Codes

15 DF1 AND ETHERNET/IP PROTOCOL SUPPORT

DF1. The EtherMeter provides elementary support for Rockwell Automation's DF1 serial protocol. This manual assumes that the user is well-versed in the DF1 Protocol. In order to learn more about the DF1 protocol, visit rockwellautomation.com.

The following functional subset of the DF1 protocol is supported by the EtherMeter:

[CMD,FNC] = [0F,A2] - "Protected Typed Logical Read With 3 Address Fields" [CMD,FNC] = [0F,AA] - "Protected Typed Logical Write With 3 Address Fields"

To a polling master PLC or computer, the EtherMeter's data is available within the Integer and Bit registers documented within this section. Read-only, Integer data is stored within the N7:0 register, and read-only Bit data is stored within B250 registers. The three (3) auxiliary digital outputs are mapped to the N10:0 register. When addressing Bit registers, is important to note that misaligned bit blocks, partial words, and masked/scattered bit reads are not supported.

DF1-RadioModem and DF1-FullDuplex are both supported; and DF1-HalfDuplex is not supported. For error checking, either CRC-16 or BCC error checking may be selected.

When a network client makes a DF1-RadioModem/UDP request to the EtherMeter, the "Device Address" must be specified.

In the DF1 protocol, the byte-order is "low-byte / high-byte" and the word order is "low-word / highword". This method of ordering is also known as "Little-Endian". The DF1 byte-order and wordorder are fixed within the EtherMeter. To ensure Allen-Bradley compatibility, DF1 and EtherNet/IP byte and word ordering cannot be modified through the Setup Menu.

To test and/or verify DF1 communications with the EtherMeter, there are several useful computer programs available. SCADAmetrics recommends KepServerEx from Kepware Technologies (<u>kepware.com</u>), or RSLinx[™] from Rockwell Automation (<u>rockwellautomation.com</u>). Assistance and support for these programs (and all 3rd-party software) may be obtained from their respective manufacturers.



RSLinx (Rockwell Automation)

PROTECTED TYPED LOGICAL READ/WRITE WITH 3 ADDRESS FIELDS

[CMD,FNC,FILE#,FILETYPE] = [0F,A2,07,89] (READ N7 REGISTERS)

REGISTERS DESCRIPTORS

METER 1 TOTAL (UNSCALED)
METER 2 TOTAL (UNSCALED)
FLOW 1 X 1000
FLOW 2 X 1000
ROLLOVERS – METER 1
ROLLOVERS – METER 2
AIN 1 (0-10000)
AIN 2 (0-10000)
SUPPLY VOLTS X 10
DIGITAL STATUS BITS (See Details Next Page)
METER 1 READ FAULT
METER 2 READ FAULT
SYSTEM UPTIME (MINUTES)
METER 1 nDIGITS
METER 2 nDIGITS
METER 1 EXPONENT
METER 2 EXPONENT
METER 1 UNITS (See Figure 15A for Details)
METER 2 UNITS (See Figure 15A for Details)
METER 1 READ FAULT COUNTER
METER 2 READ FAULT COUNTER

*DATA OCCUPYING THESE REGISTERS ARE 32-BIT UNSIGNED LONG INTEGERS. **DATA OCCUPYING THESE REGISTERS ARE 32-BIT SIGNED LONG INTEGERS. ALL OTHERS ARE 16-BIT SIGNED INTEGERS

[CMD,FNC,FILE#,FILETYPE] = [0F,A2,FA,85] (READ B250 REGISTERS)

INPUTS

DESCRIPTORS

B250:0/0	AUX DIGITAL I/O 1
B250:0/1	AUX DIGITAL I/O 2
B250:0/2	AUX DIGITAL I/O 3
B250:0/3-7	-reserved/future-
B250:0/8	METER 1 READ FAULT
B250:0/9	METER 2 READ FAULT
B250:0/10	METER 1 FWD FLOW (Y/N)
B250:0/11	METER 2 FWD FLOW (Y/N)
B250:0/12	METER 1 REV FLOW (Y/N)
B250:0/13	METER 2 REV FLOW (Y/N)
B250:0/14-15	-reserved/future-

[CMD,FNC,FILE#,FILETYPE] = [0F,AA,0A,85] (WRITE B10 REGISTERS)

B10:0/0 B10:0/1	AUX DIGITAL OUTPUT 1 AUX DIGITAL OUTPUT 2
B10:0/2	AUX DIGITAL OUTPUT 3
B10:0/3	REBOOT DEVICE
B10:0/4-7	-reserved/future-
B10:0/8	RESET CNT1 to ZERO (When Meter Ch. 1 Configured As Pulse Input)
B10:0/9 B10:0/10-15	RESET CNT2 to ZERO (When Meter Ch. 2 Configured As Pulse Input) -reserved/future-

EtherMeter N-File, B-File Register Map.

DF1 Register N7:13 contains the 16-bit word: **"Digital Status Bits"**. The contents of this word are as illustrated in the following table:

Bit Position	Contents
00 (Least Significant Bit)	Aux Digital I/O 1 Status (1=ON, 0=OFF)
01	Aux Digital I/O 2 Status (1=ON, 0=OFF)
02	Aux Digital I/O 3 Status (1=ON, 0=OFF)
03	REBOOT DEVICE
04	-reserved/future-
05	-reserved/future-
06	-reserved/future-
07	-reserved/future-
08	Meter 1 Read Fault (1=Fault, 0=OK)
09	Meter 2 Read Fault (1=Fault, 0=OK)
10	Meter 1 Fwd Flow (1=Fwd Flow)
11	Meter 2 Fwd Flow (1=Fwd Flow)
12	Meter 1 Rev Flow (1=Rev Flow)
13	Meter 2 Rev Flow (1=Rev Flow)
14	-reserved/future-
15 (Most Significant Bit)	-reserved/future-

For example, if **Register N7:13** contains the following:

0000 1100 0000 0111 (Binary)... or 0C07 (Hexadecimal)... or 3079 (Decimal)

Then the following status conditions exist:

Aux Digital I/O 1	1	ON
Aux Digital I/O 2	1	ON
Aux Digital I/O 3	1	ON
REBOOT DEVICE	0	-N/A-
-N/A-	0	-N/A-
Meter 1 Read Fault	0	OFF (OK)
Meter 2 Read Fault	0	OFF (OK)
Meter 1 Fwd Flow	1	ON
Meter 2 Fwd Flow	1	ON
Meter 1 Rev Flow	0	OFF
Meter 2 Rev Flow	0	OFF
-N/A-	0	-N/A-
-N/A-	0	-N/A-



Example DF1-RadioModem Request/Response.

Sample DF1 Commands:

The following samples are provided to familiarize the user with a few of the core DF1 commands. In all samples, the device address=4, and the protocol is DF1-RadioModem. Note that the users' responses will vary in accordance with the unique address and I/O state of each EtherMeter.

Read: Meter 1, Meter 2, Flow 1, Flow 2 DF1 [CMD,FNC] = [0F,A2]

Request:	10	02	04	00	0F	00	4F	00	A2	10	07	89	00	00	10	03	10	64
Response (example):	10 D7 10	02 09 03	00 00 3E	04 00 85	4F E8	00 E0	4F F5	00 05	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00		

Write: Aux Digital Output 1, Aux Digital Output 2 (Turn Outputs 1 and 2 'ON') DF1 [CMD,FNC] = [0F,AA]

Request:	10	02	04	00	0F	00	4F	00	AA	02	0A	85	00	00	03	00	10	03	77	33
Response (example):	10	02	00	04	4F	00	4F	00	10	03	25	9C								

ETHERNET/IP. The EtherMeter provides elementary support for EtherNet/IP, an industrial communication protocol for Ethernet. EtherNet/IP was originally developed by Rockwell Automation and is now managed by ODVA. This manual assumes that the user is well-versed in the EtherNet/IP Protocol. In order to learn more about this protocol, please visit rockwellautomation.com or odva.org. The following document is a particularly useful reference for EtherNet/IP communications with Rockwell Automation PLC's:

"Communicating With Rockwell Automation Products Using EtherNet/IP Explicit Messaging" http://www.rockwellautomation.com/enabled/pdf/eipexp1_2.pdf

The EtherMeter implements a functional subset of the EtherNet/IP Protocol:

- "Unconnected Explicit Messaging with Encapsulation of PCCC"
- "Class 3 Connected Explicit Messaging with Encapsulation of PCCC".

The EtherMeter responds to messages that utilize the following Service Request Codes:

- "Execute PCCC Service" (Code 0x4B)
- "VDH+ Service" (Code 0x4C)
- "Local Service" (Code 0x4D)

Please note that CIP[™] and data subscriber/provider mechanisms are not supported; and fragmented EtherNet/IP packets are also not supported.

The EtherNet/IP server is available on TCP logical port 44818 of the EtherMeter, although the user may specify an alternate port through the Setup Menu. EtherNet/IP (Over UDP) is available on UDP logical port 44818, and DF1-RadioModem (Over UDP) is available on UDP logical port 44819.

Client Request: "Register Session": 28 Bytes:
[65 00] [04 00] [00 00 00 00] [00 00 00 00] [44 69 67 69 45 00 00 00] [00 00 00 00] [REGISTER SESSION] [LEN OF DATA ATTACHED TO HEADER] [SESSION HANDLE] [STATUS] [CONTEXT] [HEADER OPTIONS]
[01 00] [00 00] [REGISTER PROTOCOL VERSION] [REGISTER OPTIONS]
Server (EtherMeter) Response: "Register Session Response" 28 Bytes:
[65 00] [04 00] [05 00 00 00] [00 00 00 00] [44 69 67 69 45 00 00 0] [00 00 00 00] [REGISTER SESSION] [LEN OF DATA ATTACHED TO HEADER] [SET SESSION HANDLE] [STATUS] [CONTEXT] [HEADER OPTIONS]
[01 00] [00 00] [REGISTER PROTOCOL VERSION] [REGISTER OPTIONS]
Client Request: "Execute PCCC Service" Request, Unconnected Read, Encapsulated PCCC. Client Requests Registers N7:0-3. Totalization From Meter 1 and Meter 2. 63 Bytes (63 Bytes For Read, 65 Bytes For Write):
[6F 00] [27 00] [05 00 00 00] [00 00 00 00] [44 69 67 69 45 00 00 00] [00 00 00 00] [PCCC OBJECT CODE] [LEN OF DATA ATTACHED TO HEADER] [SESSION HANDLE] [STATUS] [CONTEXT] [HEADER OPTIONS]
[00 00 00] [0A 00] [INTERFACE HANDLE] [TIMEOUT]
[02 00] [00 00 00] [B2 00] [17 00] [MULTIPLIER] [CPF ADDR ITEM] [UCMM] [T-PDU LENGTH (VARIABLE)]
[4B] [02] [20 67 24 01] [07] [25 03] [97 81 3B 9D] [EXEC PCC SVC] [PATH SIZE] [REQ PATH] [REQ ID LEN] [VEND ID(DIGI)] [4 LSB'S OF MAC ID]]
[OF [00] [02 00] [A2] [08] [07] [89] [00] [00] [CMD:TYPED LOGICAL READ W/ 3 ADDR] [STS] [TNC] [N. BYTES REQ] [FILE NO.] [INTEGER TYPE] [ELEM.NO.] <
Server (EtherMeter) Response: "Execute PCCC Service" Response, Unconnected Read, Encapsulated PCCC. Response Contains Registers N7:0-3. Totalization From Meter 1 (2519) and Meter 2 (123476). 63 Bytes (Payload Dependent):
[6F 00] [27 00] [05 00 00 00] [00 00 00 00] [44 69 67 69 45 00 00 00] [00 00 00 00] [PCCC OBJECT CODE] [LEN OF DATA ATTACHED TO HEADER] [SESSION HANDLE] [STATUS] [CONTEXT] [HEADER OPTIONS]
[00 00 00] [0A 00] [INTERFACE HANDLE] [TIMEOUT]
[02 00] [00 00 00] [B2 00] [17 00] [MULTIPLIER] [CPF ADDR ITEM] [UCMM] [T-PDU LENGTH (VARIABLE)]
[CB] [00] [00] [00] [07] [25 03] [97 81 3B 9D] [EXEC PCC REPLY] [RESERV] [GEN STATUS] [ADDL STATUS SIZE] [REQ ID LEN] [VEND ID(DIGI)] [4 LSB'S OF MAC ID]
[4F] [00] [02 00] [D7 09 00 00 54 E2 01 00] [CMD:TYPED LOGICAL READ W/ 3 ADDR] [STS] [TNS] [DATA PAYLOAD] < [PCCC COMMAND]

Example EtherNet/IP Request/Response (Unconnected Messaging).

Client Request: "Get Attributes Al I": 46 Bytes: [6f 00] [16 00] [05 00 00 00] [00 00 00 00] [26 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 [00 00 00 00] [00 00 00 00] [00 00 00 00] [00 00 00 00] [00 00 00 00] [16000 00] [16000 00] [1 [00 00 00] [00 00] [02 00] [00 00] [00 00] [02 00] [06 00] [INTERFACE HANDLE - CIP] [TIMEOUT] [ITEM COUNT| [NULL ADDRESS ITEM] [LENGTH] [UNCONNECTED DATA ITEM] [LENGTH] [01] [02] [20 01] [24 01] [GET ATTRIBUTES ALL] [REQUEST PATH SIZE (WORDS)] [PATH SEGMENT CLASS] [PATH SEGMENT INST Server (EtherMeter) Response: "Get Attributes All Response" 70 Bytes: [6F 00] [2D 00] [05 00 00 00] [00 00 00 00] [26 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 [00 00 00 00] [00 00 00 00] [00 00 00 00] [00 00 00 00] [00 00] [00 00] [00 00 00] [0 [00 00 00 00] [02 00] [00 00] [00 00] [B2 00] [D 00] [D 00] [ID 00] [I [81] [00] [00 00] [FF FF] [0C 00] [64 00] [11 0B] [04 00] [GET ATTRIBUTES ALL RESPONSE! [RESERVED] [STATUS SUCCESS! [VENDOR ID] [DEVICE TYPE] [PRODUCT CODE] [REVISION] [STATUS] [C8 00 00 00] [0A] [45 74 68 65 72 4D 65 74 65 72] [03] [SERIAL NO - LAST 4 CCTETS MAC ID] [PROD NAME LENGTH] [REODUCT NAME: EtherMeter] [STATE] Client Request: "Register Session": 28 Bytes:
 [65 00]
 [04 00]
 [00 00 00 00]
 [00 00 00 00]
 [4 69 67 69 45 00 00 00]
 [00 00 00 00]

 [REGISTER SESSION]
 [LEN OF DATA ATTACHED TO HEADER]
 [SESSION HANDLE]
 [STATUS]
 [CONTEXT]
 [HEADER OFTIONS]
 [01 00] [00 00] [REGISTER PROTOCOL VERSION] [REGISTER OPTIONS] Server (EtherMeter) Response: "Register Session Response" 28 Bytes: [65 00] [04 00] [05 00 00 0] [00 00 00 00] [44 69 67 69 45 00 00 00] [00 00 00 0] [REGISTER SESSION] [LEN OF DATA ATTACHED TO HEADER [SET SESSION HANDLE] [STATUS] [CONTEXT] [HEADER OFTIONS] [01 00] [00 00] [REGISTER PROTOCOL VERSION] [REGISTER OPTIONS] Client Request: Unconnected "Forward Open" Request For Class 3 Connection 86 Bytes (88 Bytes if Conn Path Length = 3 Words): [6F 00] [3E 00] [05 00 00 00] [00 00 00 00] [C0 A8 01 BF 00 00 01 00] [00 00 00 00] [PCCC ORJECT CODE] [LEN OF DATA ATTACHED TO HEADER] [SESSION HANDLE] [STATUS] [CONTEXT] [HEADER OFTIONS] [00 00 00 00] [00 04] [INTERFACE HANDLE] [TIMEOUT] [02 00] [00 00] [00 00] [B2 00] [ZE 00] [ITEM CCUNT (0x0002)] [ITEM TYPE] [ITEM DATA LENGTH] [UCMM] [T-PDU LENGTH (VARIABLE)] [54] [02] [20 06 24 01] [0A 0E] [20 23 82 F2] [EF 22 82 F2] [FND OPEN REO] [RED PATH SIZE (WORDS)] [CLASS.CM OBJ.INST] [TICKS/PRIORITY] [0T-CID] [TO-CID] [02 10] [01 00] [F6 1D 4F 40] [02] [00 00 00] [C0 C6 2D 00] [02 43] [CORN S/N] [ORIG VEND ID (ROCKW)] [ORIG S/N] [CONN TIMEOUT MULT] [RESERVED] [0T RPI] [OT PARAMS] [CO C6 2D 00] [02 43] [A3] [02] [20 02 24 01] [TO RFI] [TO PARAMS] [TRANSP CLASS/TRIGGER] [WORDS (16) IN CONN PATH] [CONN PATH] Server (EtherMeter) Response: Unconnected "Forward Open" Reply For Class 3 Connection 70 Bytes:
 [6F 00]
 [2E 00]
 [05 00 00 00]
 [00 00 00 00]
 [C0 A8 01 BF 00 00 01 00]
 [00 00 00 00]

 [PCCC OBJECT CODE]
 [LEN OF DATA ATTACHED TO HEADER]
 [SESSION HANDLE]
 [STATUS]
 [CONTEXT]
 [HEADER OFTIONS]
 [00 00 00 00] [00 04] [02 00] [00 00] [00 00] [B2 00] [IE 00] [ITEM COUNT (0x0002)] [ITEM TYPE] [ITEM DATA LENGTH] [UCMM4] [T-PDU LENGTH (VARIABLE)]
 [D4]
 [00]
 [00]
 [6F 32 74 02]
 [EF 22 82 F2]

 [FWD OPEN RESP]
 [RESERVED]
 [GEN STATUS]
 [SIZE OF ADDL STATUS]
 [OT-CID]
 [TO-CID]
 [02 10] [01 00] [F6 1D 4F 40] [20 FD 4B 00] [20 FD 4B 00] [00] [00] [CORN S/N] [ORIG VEND ID] [ORIG S/N] [OT AFI] [TO AFI] [SIZE OF APP REFLY] [RESERVED] Client Request: "Execute PCCC Service" Request, Send Unit Data, Encapsulated PCCC. Client Requests Registers N7-0-7. Totalization And Flow From Meter 1 and Meter 2. 69 Bytes (69 For Read, 71 For Write): [70 00] [2D 00] [05 00 00 0] [00 00 00 00] [0 00 00 00 0] [0 00 00 00 0] [0 00 00 0] [0 00 00 0] [0 00 00 0] [SEND UNIT DATA T3 CONN MSG] [LEN OF DATA ATTACHED TO HEADER [SESSION HANDLE] [STATUS] [CONTEXT] [HEADER OFTIONS] [00 00 00 00] [0A 00] [INTERFACE HANDLE] [TIMEOUT] [02 00] [A1 00] [04 00] [6F 32 74 02] [B1 00] [19 00] [TTEM CCONT (0x0002)] [CONN ADDR ITEM (0x00A1)] [CID LENGTH [07-CID] [CONNECTED DATA ITEM] [T-FDU LENGTH (VARIABLE)] [01 00] [4B] [02] [20 67 24 01] [07] [01 00] [F6 1D 4F 40] [REQUESTOR] [EXEC PCCC SVC] [PATH SIZE (WORDS)] [CLASS PCCC, INSTANCE 1] [REQ ID LEM] [VEND ID(ROCHW)] [ORIC 5/M] [0F] [00] [01 00] [A2] [10] [07] [89] [00] [00] [00] [00] [00] [CMD:TYPED LOGICAL READ W/ 3 ADDR] [STS] [TNS] [FNC] [N BYTES REQ] [FILE NO.] [INTEGER TYPE] [ELEM.NO.] [SUB-ELEM.NO.] Server (EtherMeter) Response: "Execute PCCC Service" Response, Send Unit Data, Encapsulated PCCC. EAUCULE FOLD Service" Response, Send Unit Data, Encapsulat Response Contains Registers N7:0-7. Totalization And Flow From Meter 1 (2519) and Meter 2 (123476). 77 Bytes (Payload Dependent).
 [70 00]
 [35 00]
 [05 00 00 00]
 [00 00 00 00]
 [00 00 00 00]
 [00 00 00 01 01]
 [00 00 00 00]

 [SEND UNIT DATA T3 CONN MSG]
 [LEN OF DATA ATTACHED TO HEALER]
 [SESSION HANDLE]
 [STATUS]
 [CONTEXT]
 [HEADE R OFTIONS]
 [00 00 00 00] [0A 00] [INTERFACE HANDLE] [TIMEOUT] [02 00] [A1 00] [04 00] [EF 22 82 F2] [B1 00] [21 00] [ITEM COUNT (0x0002)] [CONN ADDR ITEM (0x00A1)] [CID LENGTH [TO-CID] [CONNECTED DATA ITEM] [T-PDU LENGTH (VARIABLE)] [01 00] [CB] [00] [00] [00] [07] [01 00] [F6 1D 4F 40] [REQUESTOR] [EXEC PCCC REPLY] [RESERV] [GEN STATUS] [ADDL STATUS SIZE] [REQ ID LEN] [VEND ID (ROCKNO) [S/N] [44] [00] [01 00] [00 00 13 00 P5 05 P5 20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00] [080: TYPED LOGICAL REED W/ 3 ADDR.] [STS] [TNS] [DATA PATLOAD]

Example EtherNet/IP Request/Response (Class 3 Connected Messaging).

TOTALIZATION AND FLOW DATA FORMAT:

The EtherMeter was designed in such a way as to simplify and compress the formatting of all reported data. As shown in the previous charts, no floating point or 64-bit registers are implemented in the N7 registers, as all data is represented internally as 32-bit long integers (signed or unsigned) and 16-bit signed integers.

In order to achieve a high level of simplicity and prevent integer overflows, separate exponential scale factors and multipliers are provided in certain N7 registers.

If fully-scaled totalization data is desired, then 64-bit data processing may be required by the DF1 master polling PLC or computer. In most instances, however, 32-bit data manipulation will suffice.

TOTALIZATION HELPER FORMULAS:

The following calculations are examples helper formulas that may be implemented within the master. When deciding whether to use 64-bit versus 32-bit data manipulation routines at the master, it is recommended that the user factor in the largest expected meter totalization value (meter-specific), and consider that the largest possible 32-bit unsigned long integer is 4,294,967,295.

Meter 1 Actual Total	= ([METER 1 TOTAL UNSCALED] x [10 ^[METER 1 EXPONENT]]) + ([ROLLOVERS METER 1] x [10 ^[METER 1 nDIGITS]] x [10 ^[METER 1 EXPONENT]]) = ([N7:0,1] x [10 ^[N7:20]]) + ([N7:8] x [10 ^[N7:18]] x [10 ^[N7:20]])
Meter 2 Actual Total	= ([METER 2 TOTAL UNSCALED] x [10 ^[METER 2 EXPONENT]]) + ([ROLLOVERS METER 2] x [10 ^{[METER 2 nDIGITS}]] x [10 ^[METER 2 EXPONENT]]) = ([N7:2,3] x [10 ^[N7:21]]) + ([N7:9] x [10 ^[N7:19]] x [10 ^[N7:21]])

FLOW RATE HELPER FORMULAS:

The following are possible flow rate helper formulas that may be implemented within a DF1 master polling PLC or computer:

Meter 1 Actual Flow	= [FLOW 1] / 1000 = [N7:4,5] / 1000
Meter 2 Actual Flow	= [FLOW 2] / 1000 = [N7:6,7] / 1000

EXAMPLE:

Consider the following case of a meter register installed on meter channel 1. This register contains 8 variable digits plus two (2) fixed zeros on the right. (EXP1=+2.)



In this case, the actual total is 1,234,567,800 gallons. However, the [N7:0,1] register will report the total as: 12,345,678. If scaling to GALLONS is desired, then the polling device (master) must perform the scaling (multiply by $10^{(EXPn)}$ or $10^{[N7:21]}$ or 100).

Regarding flow, all reported flow rates are multiplied by 1000 to eliminate the need for floating point formatting within the EtherMeter . In this case, if the actual flow rate is 987.6 GPM, then the [N7:4,5] register will report the flow as 987,600 (milliGallons/minute). If scaling to GPM is desired, then the polling device (master) must perform the floating point conversion and scaling (divide by 1000).

The EtherMeter can provide flow-rate in units that differ from the totalization, within certain limitations. The following table illustrates the available option combinations:

Totalization Units	Flow Units	Code
Gallons	Gallons Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	0
Liters	Liters Per [Hour,Minute,Sec] Cubic Meters Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	1
Cubic Feet	Cubic Feet Per [Hour,Minute,Sec] Gallons Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	2
Cubic Meters	Cubic Meters Per [Hour,Minute,Sec] Liters Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	3
Pounds	Pounds Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	4
Kilograms Kilograms Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]		5
Acre Feet	Acre Feet Per [Hour,Minute,Sec] Gallons Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	6
Units (Generic)	Units Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	7

Figure '	15A.	Supported	Combinations:	Totalizer	Units,	Flow	Units
~					,		

The EtherMeter provides the Allen Bradley client/master with the ability to query the totalizer units and the flow-rate units. Both totalizer and flow units for meter channel #1 are packed within 16-bit register N7:22, and the totalizer and flow units for meter channel #2 are packed within 16-bit register N7:23.

The totalizer untis are stored within the lower 8 bits, and the flow units are stored within the upper 8 bits, as illustrated in the following table:

Totalization Units	Flow Units	N-Register Value (N7:22, N7:23)				
		Decimal	Hex			
Gallons	Gallons Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	0	0x0000			
Litera	Liters Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	257	0x0101			
Liters	Cubic Meters Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	769	0x0301			
Cubio Foot	Cubic Feet Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	514	0x0202			
	Gallons Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	2	0x0002			
Cubia Matara	Cubic Meters Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	771	0x0303			
	Liters Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	259	0x0103			
Pounds	Pounds Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	1028	0x0404			
Kilograms	Kilograms Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	1285	0x0505			
Aero Foot	Acre Feet Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	1542	0x0606			
Acre Feel	Gallons Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	6	0x0006			
Units (Generic)	Units Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]	7	0x0707			

Figure 15B. Totalizer Unit, Flow Unit – N-Register Codes

16 ASCII PROTOCOL SUPPORT

The EtherMeter is available with RAW-ASCII protocol support (Optional. ASCII-Version Only).

Many PLC's and RTU's are equipped with extra serial ports that are capable of collecting data from raw ASCII terminal devices such as bar code readers. For compatibility with these PLC's, the EtherMeter provides a "Raw ASCII Protocol" output.

When the EtherMeter is set to "Raw ASCII" mode (available via the Setup Menu), the following data is transmitted from the active serial port every three (3) seconds:

: <TOTAL1> ; <TOTAL2> ; <FLOW1> ; <FLOW2> ; <ROLLOVERS1> ; <ROLLOVERS2> ; <METER_FAULT1> ;<METER_FAULT2> ; <ANALOG_IN1> ; <ANALOG_IN2> ; <AUX_DIGITAL_IO_1> ; <AUX_DIGITAL_IO_2> ; <AUX_DIGITAL_IO_3> <CR> <LF>

Each transmission is preceded by a ':' delimiter, and ended with a <CR><LF> delimiter. There are no spaces or carriage returns between the data fields, as each field is separated by a ';' delimiter.

TOTALIZATION AND FLOW DATA FORMAT:

The EtherMeter was designed in such a way as to simplify and compress the formatting of all reported data. In order to achieve this level of simplicity, the scale factors (EXP1 and EXP2) have been stripped from the reported totals (Note: the 2x16 LCD display and web page provide scaled displays).

For example, consider the following case of an 8-digit register plus two (2) fixed zeros on the right (EXPn=+2):



In this case, the actual total is 1,234,567,800 gallons. However, the ASCII protocol will report the total as: 12345678. If scaling to GALLONS is desired, then the reading device must perform the scaling (multiply by 100).

Regarding flow, all reported flow rates are multiplied by 1000 to eliminate the need for floating point formatting. In this case, if the actual flow rate is 987.6 GPM, then the ASCII protocol will report the flow as 987600 (MilliGallons Per Minute). If scaling to GPM is desired, then the reading device must perform the scaling (divide by 1000). Also, keep in mind that all reported ASCII data is formatted in decimal.

On the LCD display and within the ASCII flow fields, the following table displays the flow units that pertain to the totalization units:

Totalization Units	Flow Units
Gallons	Gallons Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]
Cubic Feet	Cubic Feet Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]
Liters	Liters Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]
Cubic Meters	Cubic Meters Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]
Pounds	Pounds Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]
Kilograms	Kilograms Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]
Acre Feet	Gallons Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]
Units	Units Per [Hour,Minute,Sec]

17 HTTP WEB SERVER

The EtherMeter offers an integral web server, which is active on TCP logical port 80. The device also features a "Ping Server", which is useful for locating and troubleshooting the EtherMeter on a network. Note that both static IP and dynamic IP (DHCP) addressing is supported. (Static or Dynamic IP Address selection is made in the Setup Menu.) The unique MAC ID of each EtherMeter is printed on the front cover of the unit.

	- • ×							
	5 - Q							
EtherMeter Web Demo								
FlowMeters								
<u>Refresh</u>								
Meter 1 Total	99999965							
Meter 1 Flow	+835.752							
Meter 1 Rollovers	0							
Meter 1 Fault	NO							
Meter 2 Total	0000043							
Meter 2 Flow	+650.429							
Meter 2 Rollovers	0							
Meter 2 Fault	NO							
Analog Input 1 (%)	85.20							
Analog Input 2 (%)	48.11							
Power Supply (V)	+24.3							
Aux Digital I/O 1 (Output)	OFF							
Aux Digital I/O 2 (Input)	OFF							
Aux Digital I/O 3 (Input)	OFF							
Device Uptime (min)	2628000							
Web Hits	6184							
	🔍 100% 🔻 🔡							

Figure 19A. A Screen Image of a page served by the EtherMeter Web Server.
The following web page is served by the EtherMeter:

/index.html A single-frame web page containing a snapshot of the data.

Through the use of an off-board web server, customized, frame-based web pages may be developed for displaying data from multiple installed EtherMeters™.

The following web page is a simple example:

							- 🗆 🗙
		you 阕 ک 🗕 ک	JR COMPANY	NAME ×			↑ ★ ♡
YOUR Your Company Name LOGO HERE Yourcompanylink.com							
BLDG 1		BLDG 2		BLDG 3		BLDG 4	
FlowMeters	FlowMeters	FlowMeters			FlowMeters		
<u>Refresh</u>	efresh Refresh Refresh		<u>Refresh</u>		Refresh		
Meter 1 Total	999999965	Meter 1 Total	999999965	Meter 1 Total	999999965	Meter 1 Total	999999965
Meter 1 Flow	+835.752	Meter 1 Flow	+835.752	Meter 1 Flow	+835.752	Meter 1 Flow	+835.752
Meter 1 Rollovers	0	Meter 1 Rollovers	0	Meter 1 Rollovers	0	Meter 1 Rollovers	0
Meter 1 Fault	NO	Meter 1 Fault	NO	Meter 1 Fault	NO	Meter 1 Fault	NO
Meter 2 Total	00000043	Meter 2 Total	00000043	Meter 2 Total	00000043	Meter 2 Total	00000043
Meter 2 Flow	+650.429	Meter 2 Flow	+650.429	Meter 2 Flow	+650.429	Meter 2 Flow	+650.429
Meter 2 Rollovers	0	Meter 2 Rollovers	0	Meter 2 Rollovers	0	Meter 2 Rollovers	0
Meter 2 Fault	NO	Meter 2 Fault	NO	Meter 2 Fault	NO	Meter 2 Fault	NO
Analog Input 1 (%)	85.20	Analog Input 1 (%)	+85.20	Analog Input 1 (%)	+85.20	Analog Input 1 (%)	+85.20
Analog Input 2 (%)	48.11	Analog Input 2 (%)	+48.11	Analog Input 2 (%)	+48.11	Analog Input 2 (%)	+48.11
Power Supply (V)	+24.3	Power Supply (V)	+24.3	Power Supply (V)	+24.3	Power Supply (V)	+24.3
Aux Digital I/O 1 (Output)	OFF	Aux Digital I/O 1 (Output)	OFF	Aux Digital I/O 1 (Output)	OFF	Aux Digital I/O 1 (Output)	OFF
Aux Digital I/O 2 (Input)	OFF	Aux Digital I/O 2 (Input)	OFF	Aux Digital I/O 2 (Input)	OFF	Aux Digital I/O 2 (Input)	OFF
Aux Digital I/O 3 (Input)	OFF	Aux Digital I/O 3 (Input)	OFF	Aux Digital I/O 3 (Input)	OFF	Aux Digital I/O 3 (Input)	OFF
Device Uptime (min)	2628000	Device Uptime (min)	2628000	Device Uptime (min)	2628000	Device Uptime (min)	2628000
Web Hits	6184	Web Hits	6184	Web Hits	6184	Web Hits	6184
						(🔍 100% 🔻

Figure 19B. Sample Customized Frame-Based Web Page

Source HTML:

```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Frameset//EN" "DTD/xhtml1-frameset.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" xml:lang="en" lang="en">
<head>
<meta content="text/html; charset=utf-8" http-equiv="Content-Type" />
<title>Your Company Name Here</title>
</head>
</frameset rows="118,*" framespacing="0" frameborder="0">
<frameset rows="118,*" framespacing="0" frameborder="0">
<frameset rows="118,*" framespacing="0" frameborder="0">
<frameset cols="25%,25%,25%,25%;?%</pre>
```

</html>

Figure 19C. Sample Customized Frame-Based HTML Code

18 TELNET SERVER

The EtherMeter provides a basic integrated TELNET server. With the use of TELNET client software, the user may log in to the EtherMeter from a remote node on the network to perform setup and maintenance tasks. However, only one (1) remote user may TELNET to the EtherMeter at any given time.

Windows[®] TELNET (bundled with Microsoft[®] Windows[®]) and HyperTerminal Private Edition[™] (By Hilgraeve) are the recommended and supported TELNET clients.

To initiate a TELNET session, the user should specify the IP address of the EtherMeter and the TELNET TCP Port (23). Once connected, a login prompt will appear.

Username: **emeter** (case-insensitive. May not be changed.) Password: **emeter** (case-insensitive. May be changed through the Setup Menu.)

Once logged in, the user has full access to the Setup Menu. (See Chapter 11 for details.) After the desired maintenance tasks are completed, the user may log out by typing the following command at the prompt: **logout**

🗞 NewEtherMeter - HyperTerminal				+			×
<u>File Edit View Call Transfer H</u> elp							
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							10
Pg 6/8-Reg Displ 1			<tab:< td=""><td>=Next</td><td>Pa</td><td></td><td>710</td></tab:<>	=Next	Pa		710
- <modbus reg=""></modbus>						_	
40001-02	N7:0-1	Meter1(Unscaled)	: 463				
40003-04	N7:2-3	Meter2(Unscaled)	: 65				
40005-06	N7:4-5	Flow1x1K	: +0				
40007-08	N7:6-7	Flow2x1K	: +0				
40009	N7:8	Rollovers1	: +0				
40010	N7:9	Rollovers2	: +0				
40011	N7:10		: 10008	5			
40012	N7:11 N7:10	HIN2(0-10K)	: 10011	L			
40010	N7:12 N7:19	VUUXIU StatusPita	240				
40014	N7:10	Motor1-Equit	. 0x000	94			
40013	N7.14	Motor2-Eault					
40010	N7-16-17	llotime(min)	17				
40019	N7.18	M1-pDig	: 5'				
40020	N7:19	M2-nDia	Ř				
40021	N7:20	M1-Expon	+0				
40022	N7:21	M2-Expon	: +0				
40023	N7:22	M1-Units	: 0x000	00			
40024	N7:23	M2-Units	: 0×000	00			
40025	N7:24	M1-FaultCnt	: 0				
40026	N7:25	M2-FaultCnt	: 0				
							~
Connected 0:00:14 Auto detect T	CP/IP SCROLL	CAPS NUM Capture Print e	cho				11.

Figure 20A. Screen Image of a Microsoft[®] Windows[®] TELNET Client Session.

RewEtherMeter - HyperTerminal		+	-		×			
Eile Edit View Çali Janster Heip								
Pg 1/8-Meters	<table by="" se<="" second="" td="" the=""><td>=Next</td><td>Pg</td><td></td><td></td></table>	=Next	Pg					
FW:5.231024.1000 : PU	JLSE-EEP(0-39): 00						
Meter1:		Meter2:						
Unit1: GAL FUnit1: GAL Exp1: +0 Roll1: +0 Fcalc1: DIIME Samp1: 15 To1: 300 Type1: AUTO ((SENS)	Unit2: FUnit2: Tb2: Exp2: Roll2: Fcalc2: Samp2: To2: Type2:	GAL GAL MIN +0 0TIME 15 300 AUTO (SENS)				
CMD>								
Connected 0:00:19 Auto detect	TCP/IP SCROL	L CAPS NUM Capture	Print echo					

Figure 20B. Screen Image of a HyperTerminal Private Edition™ TELNET Client Session.

19 NETWORK SECURITY

The networking capabilities of the EtherMeter are very basic. Therefore, the device is not designed to be staged at network locations where it would be exposed to Internet threats.

When an EtherMeter is installed within an industrial network that features a Gateway to the Internet, a firewall should be properly installed and configured to shield the EtherMeter, as well as all other industrial controls, from the vagaries of unfiltered Internet traffic.

Network Hardening Procedures:

Unused Ethernet ports may be disabled using the SERIAL setup interface.

Example: Disable All Ethernet ports except for Modbus.

Procedure:

- 1. Enter SERIAL SETUP MODE using a notebook computer and HyperTerminal (or PuTTY).
- 2. TAB to Page.3 (of 8) of the SETUP MENU.
- 3. Type the following commands:

SET	PORT	HTTP	0	<enter></enter>
SET	PORT	TELNET	0	<enter></enter>
SET	PORT	ETHIP	0	<enter></enter>

(Note - Setting a server's port number to zero disables the server.)

4. Cycle power to the EtherMeter

20 REFERENCES

METERS:

ABB. AquaMaster Mag-Meter: <u>http://abb.com/</u>

Badger. HRE, ADE, and MagMeter Registers: <u>http://badgermeter.com/</u>

Honeywell / Elster AMCO (ABB/Kent). InVision and ScanCoder Registers, evoQ4 Mag-Meter: http://www.elsteramcowater.com/

Hersey/Mueller. Translator Register, SSR Register, ME-8 Register: <u>http://www.muellersystems.com/</u>

Master Meter. Acculinx Register and Elinx Register: <u>http://mastermeter.com/</u>

McCrometer Meter. "Smart Output" Registers: http://mccrometer.com

Metron Farnier. HawkeyeOER Register, Innov8 Register: http://metronfarnier.com/

Neptune (Schlumberger). E-Coder, Pro-Coder, Mach10, and ProRead Registers: http://neptunetg.com/

RG3 Meter. Tomahawk Register: <u>http://rg3meter.com/</u>

Sensus (Rockwell/Invensys). OMNI, iPerl, ICE, and ECR Registers: http://www.sensus.com/

Siemens (Sitrans). F M MAG 8000 Mag-Meter: <u>http://www.siemens.com/</u>

Zenner USA Meter. ETR (Encoder Type Register): http://zennerusa.com

INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION PROTOCOLS:

Official MODBUS-IDA Consortium: http://modbus.org

MODBUS Protocol Specification: http://modbus.org/docs/PI MBUS 300.pdf

DF1 Protocol Specification: <u>http://literature.rockwellautomation.com/idc/groups/literature/documents/rm/1770-rm516</u> -en-p.pdf

EtherNet/IP Protocol Information: <u>http://odva.org</u>, <u>http://www.rockwellautomation.com/enabled/pdf/eipexp1_2.pdf</u>

AUXILIARY DEVICES:

Analog Isolation and Input Modules – Dataforth Corporation <u>http://dataforth.com/</u>

Solid State Relays – Power IO <u>http://power-io.com/</u>

Solid State Relays – Crouzet / Crydom http://www.crydom.com

THIRD PARTY SOFTWARE:

'Simply Modbus' Data Communication Test Software http://simplymodbus.ca

'HyperTerminal' Terminal Emulation Software: <u>http://hilgraeve.com</u>

'PuTTY' Terminal Emulation Software: http://www.putty.org

"Tera Term" Terminal Emulation Software: http://ttssh2.sourceforge.jp/index.html.en

21 LIMITED WARRANTY

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2.2 To contact SCADAmetrics Technical Support, please call 636.405.7101 or email support@scadametrics.com. For upto-date telephone numbers and/or email addresses, please see the SCADAmetrics corporate web site at: www.scadametrics.com

2.3 CUSTOMER should have the following information/items readily available when contacting SCADAmetrics:

- 1. MAC ID of the EtherMeter experiencing the problem.
- 2. A description of the problem.
- 3. Make and Model Numbers of Interconnected Meter Register(s).
- 4. Make and Model Numbers of Interconnected Auxiliary I/O Sensor(s).
- 5. Wiring Diagram of the EtherMeter experiencing the problem.
- 6. Screen snapshot(s) of Meter Troubleshooting Display.
- 7. The date and time when the problem first occurred.
- 8. SCADA/Telemetry history tabulations/data that provide insight into the problem.

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3.4 CUSTOMER agrees to insure the product or assume the risk of loss or damage that may occur in transit; and to use a shipping container equivalent to the original packaging.

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